CRM Initiatives – India

The customer relationship management practices of electricity sector in India









Agenda



- Power Sector Reforms An Overview of the Distribution Sector
- CRM in Electricity Distribution National Support
- Regulator Utility Interface for CRM
- CRM Initiatives
- ICT Opportunities in brief
- Research Issues





Power Sector Reforms in the context of Distribution Utilities



- ☐ Unbundling in most states so that distribution companies can focus on core business
- ☐ Unbundled discoms are corporatized both state owned and private
- Although the Electricity Act 2003 allows for second distribution licensee, in actual fact, only Mumbai has the system of parallel distribution licensees
- Most discoms are state owned exceptions are
 - ☐ Pre reforms old private discoms in Ahmadabad, Mumbai, Kolkata
 - □ Post reforms Delhi, Orissa privatised as joint ventures
 - ☐ Franchisee system being experimented in Maharashtra, and UP
- Discoms are, by and large, local area monopolies there is NO customer choice





Power Sector Reforms in the context of **Distribution Utilities**



Gujarat: 4 govt owned Discoms, 2 Pvt urban discoms

Mumbai: 2 pvt cos & 1 municipal undertaking

Maharasthra: 1 Istate-wide govt owned discom; **Initiated Franchisees**

> Karnataka: \$ govt owned **Discoms**



Delhi: 3 privatised **Discoms**

West Bengal: I discom for the state; pvt co for Kolkata

Orissa: 3 privatised discoms as JVs; one under administration

Andhra Pradesh 4 govt owned **Discoms**

Tamil Nadu: Integrated Genco & Discom





Discom reforms



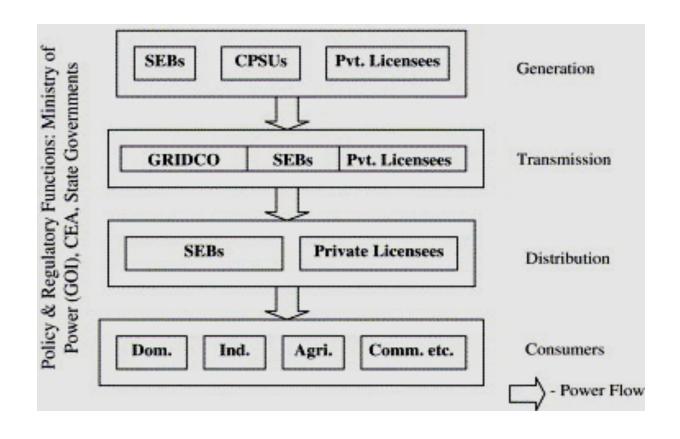
- ☐ Reforms have focused largely on technical upgrades
- Change management is yet to occur especially in state owned discoms
- ☐ The state where customers will dictate the challenge to the sector is yet to come
- ☐ Hence the Customer Relationship Management (CRM) will be essential





Power Sector – Power Flow



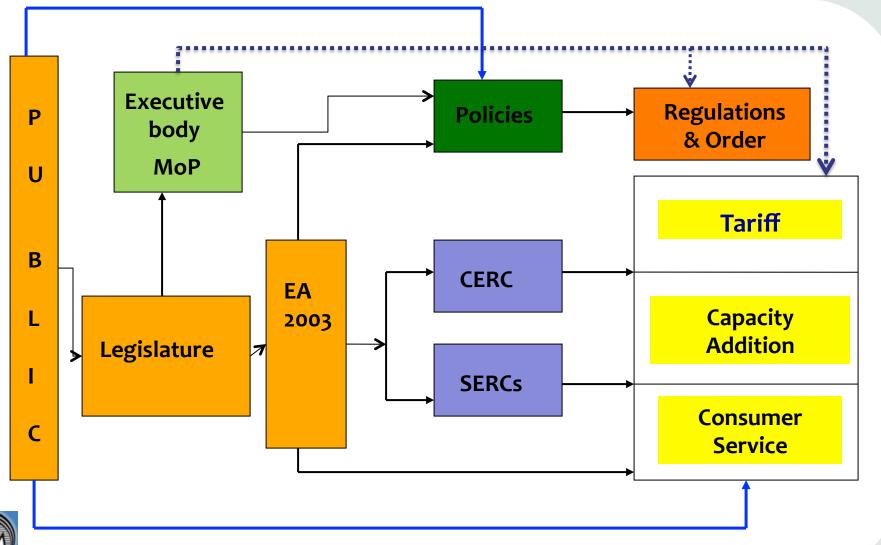






Institutional and Policy Structure

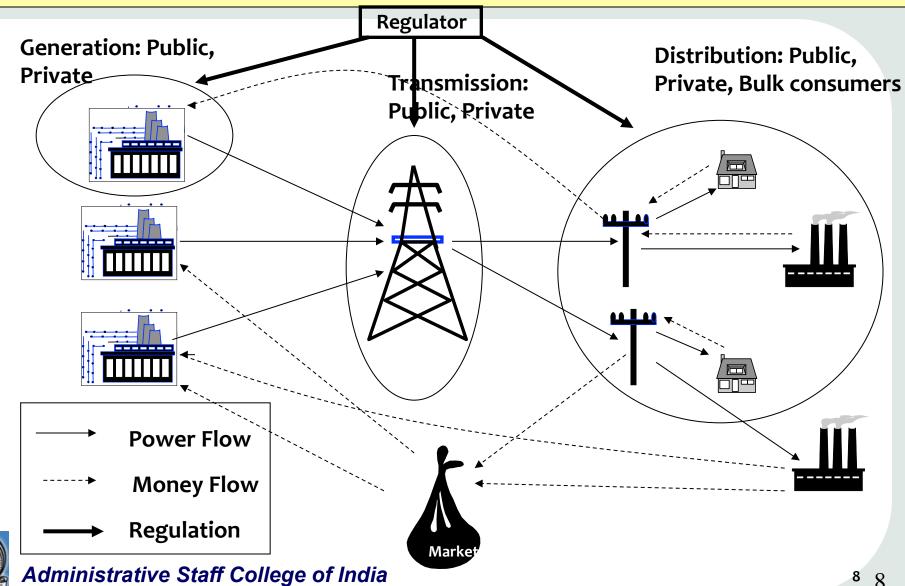






Institutional Framework

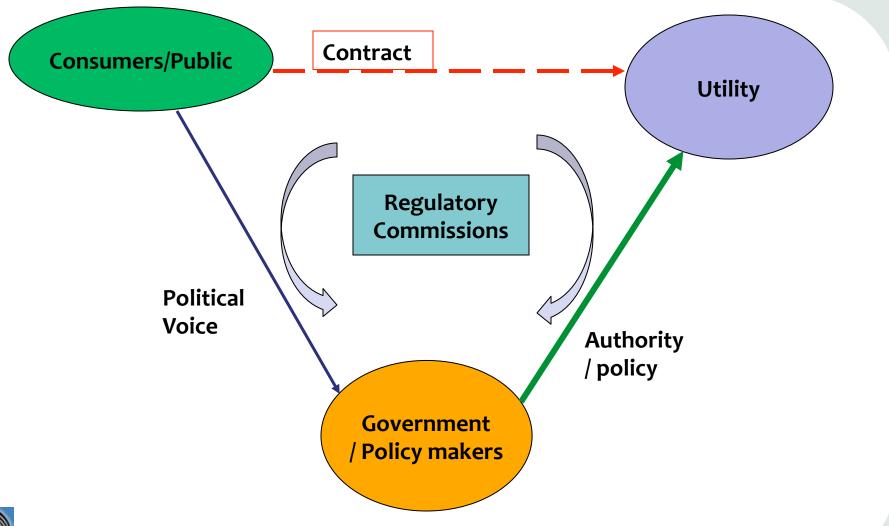






Players and Interactions



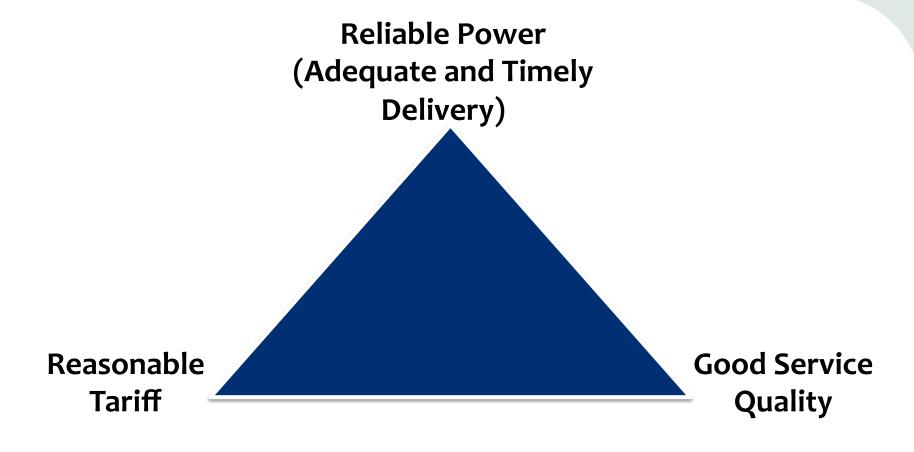






Consumer Expectations and agitations









Consumer Rights





Right to Safety

Right to be Informed

Right to Choose

Right to be Heard

Right to Seek Redressal

Right to Consumer Education

Right to Basic Needs

Right to healthy environment





Consumer Responsibilities





Consumer must exercise his rights.

Cautious consumer

Filing complaint for the redressal of genuine grievances

Consumer must be quality conscious Insist on cash memo



Service and Supply Related Issues





Poor service quality:

- Billing errors, metering related issues, untimely fault resolution, etc
- Un-planned load Shedding, poor quality of supply, etc
- Lack of information/clarity about procedures such as getting new connection, change in name or connection type and so on

Lack of access:

- Half the households do not get electricity which is a high quality, cost effective form of energy
- → Poor and small consumers most effected





National Electricity Policy



Consumers

- Access to electricity for all households by 2010
- Per capita availability of electricity to be increased to over 1000 units by 2012
- Minimum lifeline consumption of 1 unit/household/day as a merit good by year 2012
- Cross subsidies to be reduced gradually
- Provision of support to lifeline consumers (households below poverty line having consumption of 30 units per month) with tariff being at least 50% of average cost of supply.
- Grievance Forum and Ombudsman to be set up
- Government and RCs to facilitate capacity building of consumer groups.





National Support



➤ National Electricity Policy

- > 5.13 PROTECTION OF CONSUMER INTERESTS AND QUALITY STANDARDS
 - ➤ 5.13.1 Appropriate Commission should regulate utilities based on pre-determined indices on quality of power supply. Parameters should include, amongst others, frequency and duration of interruption, voltage parameters, harmonics, transformer failure rates, waiting time for restoration of supply, percentage defective meters and waiting list of new connections. The Appropriate Commissions would specify expected standards of performance.
 - ➤ 5.13.2 Reliability Index (RI) of supply of power to consumers should be indicated by the distribution licensee. A road map for declaration of RI for all cities and towns up to the District Headquarter towns as also for rural areas, should be drawn by up SERCs. The data of RI should be compiled and published by CEA.
 - ➤ 5.13.3 It is advised that all State Commissions should formulate the guidelines regarding setting up of grievance redressal forum by the licensees as also the regulations regarding the Ombudsman and also appoint/designate the Ombudsman within six months.
 - ➤ 5.13.4 The Central Government, the State Governments and Electricity Regulatory Commissions should facilitate capacity building of consumer groups and their effective representation before the Regulatory Commissions. This will enhance the efficacy of regulatory process.





National Support



➤ Electricity Act 2003

Suspension of distribution licence and sale of utility

- 24. (1) If at any time the Appropriate Commission is of the opinion that a distribution licensee –
- (a) has persistently failed to maintain uninterrupted supply of electricity conforming to standards regarding quality of electricity to the consumers; or





National Support



Electricity Act 2003...

- 42. (5) Every distribution licensee shall, within six months from the appointed date or date of grant of licence, whichever is earlier, establish a forum for redressal of grievances of the consumers in accordance with the guidelines as may be specified by the State Commission.
- (6) Any consumer, who is aggrieved by non-redressal of his grievances under sub-section (5), may make a representation for the redressal of his grievance to an authority to be known as Ombudsman to be appointed or designated by the State Commission.
- (7) The Ombudsman shall settle the grievance of the consumer within such time and in such manner as may be specified by the State Commission.
- (8) The provisions of sub-sections (5),(6) and (7) shall be without prejudice to right which the consumer may have apart from the rights conferred upon him by those sub-sections.





Regulatory Interface





- ✓ Defining norms and standards for service quality that utility must comply with
- ✓ Establishing grievance redressal mechanism that is simple, easy to access, quick in response and economical for consumers
- ✓ Establish monitoring mechanisms to ensure compliance of standards and regulations and effective grievance redressal



Regulatory Role in protecting Consumer Interest





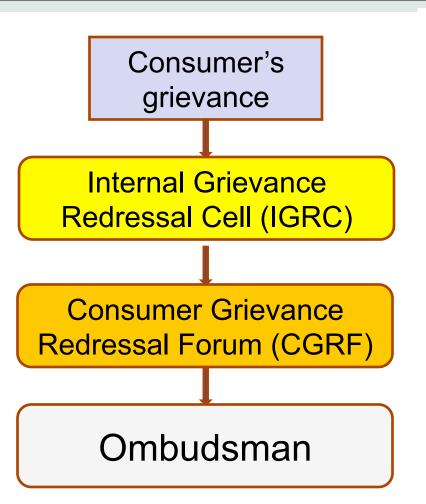
- ➤ Setting reasonable and affordable tariff that reflects supply and service quality
- > Ensuring adequate power availability
- > Monitoring of supply and service quality
- Ensuring compliance of utility with various legal provisions and regulations
- ➤ Conducting due public processes for all the above functions
- ➤ Increase awareness and transparency encourage public participation





Three Tier Grievance Redressal Structure





Each licensee to establish IGRC & CGRF CGRF

- Consists of Independent Chairperson, utility's representative, and consumer representative
- Should decide the matter within 45 days

Ombudsman

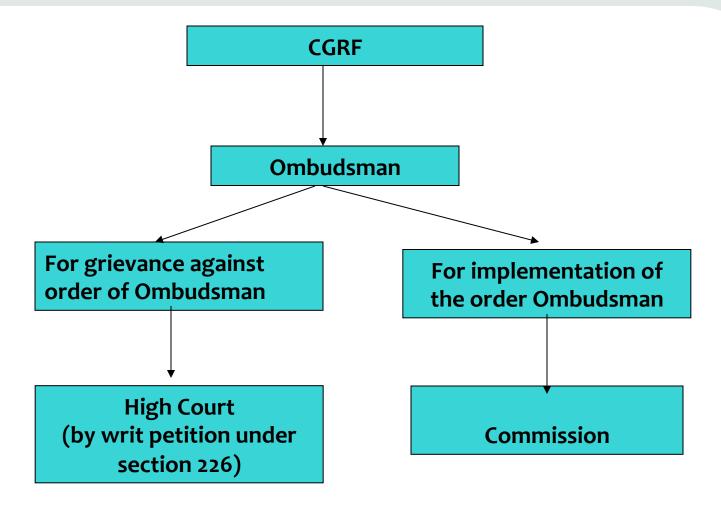
- Appointed by commission
- Only consumer can appeal against the decision of CGRF to Ombudsman
- Orders available on website





Complaint Redressal Mechanism under EA 2003 and sample Regulations



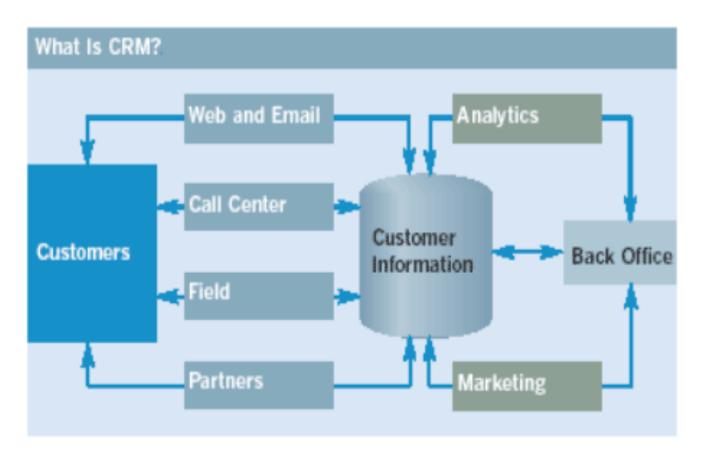






CRM Defined





Source: CRM processes Across Power Distribution Sector in India, <u>Sidhartha Das</u>, Officer (Project Finance), North Delhi Power Limited, 5.31.05, http://www.energypulse.net/centers/article/article_display.cfm?a_id=1017

Administrative Staff College of India



CRM Initiatives



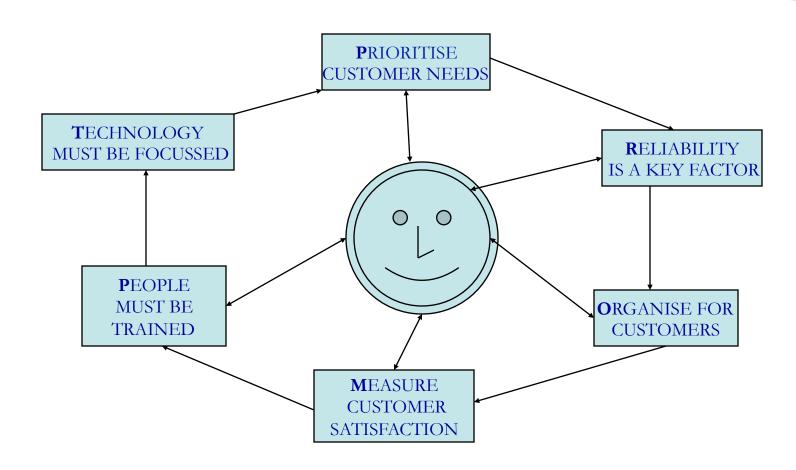
- □ Consumer approach
- □ Profit Centre
- Modern Customer Care Centres
- □ Customer Facilitation Centres/Call Centres
- ☐ SCADA/ EMS, DMS
- OMS & MWFM (Mobile Work Force Mgmnt)
- Near Real-time Information, analysis and actions
- ☐ Data Handling, GIS, NW Apps
- ☐ Integrated Process applications etc





CRM Process









CRM Initiatives – BSES Rajadhani



Improved Customer Satisfaction - Prompt Service from all customer touchpoints like

- Modern Customer Care Centres Queue Management System
- Website Availability of Duplicate Bill / Complaint Registration etc through www.bsesdelhi.com
- State of the Art Call Centre 24* 7 with easy to remember # 39999707
- Easy Payment Options like Credit Cards / Online / Payment Kiosks etc.
- Providing escalation matrix on web for due escalation of unresolved issues.

Securing Interest of Consumers - Pre Emptive measures to ensure Customers' safety

- Installation of ELCB
- Sharing of Safety Tips through website
- Caution snippets in the media during rains
- Load Enhancement / Service Line Cable change
- Imparting training to RWA nominated electricians to avoid Earth Leakages (EL) related issues.





CRM Initiatives – BSES Rajadhani



Consumer Education - Generating Awareness on relevant points

- Energy Conservation Surveys
- Media Releases
- Energy calculator
- Earth Hour
- SYNERGY News letter for regularly sharing important information with all consumers

Source: Best Practices in Power Distribution, submitted To: DP&DD, Central Electricity Authority, by BSES Rajadhani, 2012





CRM Initiatives – Tata Power



Fully networked consumer care centers launched





Source: Tata Power





CRM Initiatives – Tata Power: SUGAM Experience



50 years since independence...

No power Distribution Utility thought about 100% transparency

2003...

NDPL became the First Power Utility in the country to provide On-line Information on Consumption, Billing & Payment to 100% consumers

Now through Website 100% Consumers can:•

- View Bill
- View Consumption Graph
- Print Duplicate Bill
- Make payment







Some Bills - APCPDCL



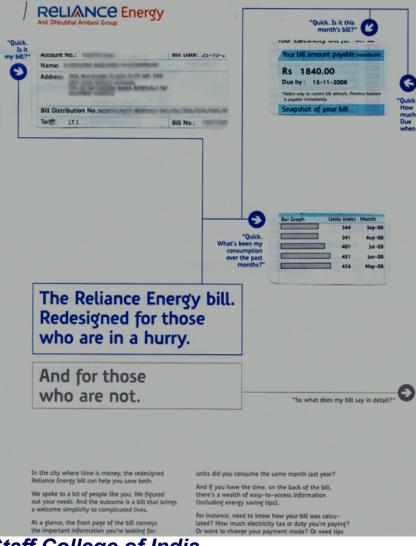
	APCPDCL	
	CENTRAL ELECTRICITY BILL	
	POWER CUM NOTICE	
	Lighting up your lives!	— Bill Date
Electricity Revenu Office ———	BILL NO:002 DT:11-08-10 TIME:12:15	
Licensial Merena Cine	ERO NO: 009 NAME: A C GUARDS	
	SEC NAME: A C GUARDS GRP:M	
Service Number ————	90 NO. 00101 E4E6	
	sc No: 00101 5456	— Area code
Unique Service Number ——	USCNO: 100123458 AREA:100202	Alea code
(USCNO)		
	NAME: D.V.V.SUBRAMANYAM KRISHNA	
	ADDR: M/S. SHALINI ESTATES	
	H.NO. 7-6-568/5/N/6/,	
	KRISHNA NAGAR, HYD	
	CAT: 2 SC: 0 PH: 3	
	3	
	LOAD: 150.75 MF: 1000	
Present Reading	READING MONTH STATUS	
Previous Reading	PRES: 553240 08/2010 01	
Frevious Reading	PREV: 543210 07/2010 01	
	UNITS: 10030 AVG: 5631	
	ENERGY CHARGES : 56321.00	
Electricity Duty	CUST. CHARGES : 20.00	
Electricity Duty Interest	ED : 34.00 21.25	
Additional Charges	ADDL. CHARGES : 530.30	
Interest on ACD	INT. ON ACD : 6.00	
	BILL AMOUNT : 56962.55	
Adjustment Amount	ADJ. AMOUNT : 0.00	
Adjustifierit Afflodrit	LOSS / GAIN : 0.45	
	NET AMOUNT : 56963.00	
	ARREARS UPTO 31-03-10: 452.00	
	ARREARS FROM 01-04-10: 1000.00	
A d d'H 1 O H	TOTAL AMOUNT : 58415.00	
Additional Consumption ————————————————————————————————————	ACD DUE : 2000.00	
Deposit	AGL SERVICES DUES 1, 1004 56321 : 256.00	
	2. 1004 56321 256.00	
	3. 1005 53520 : 95.45	
Total Bill Amount	TOTAL AMOUNT DUE: 60918.45	
	TOTAL AMOUNT DUE. 00310.40	
	DUE FOR PAYMENT : 26-08-2010	
	DUE FOR DISCONNECTION: 03-09-2010	
	LAST PAID DATE : 29-08-2010	
	AAO CELL NO : 9440813696	
	ADE CELL NO : 9440813696	
	STRUCTURE CODE : 1506090832	
	NOTE : PAYMENT AFTER DUE DATE ATTRACTS SURCHARGE & DISCONNECTION	
	E&OE AAO/ERO	





Some Bills - Reliance Energy



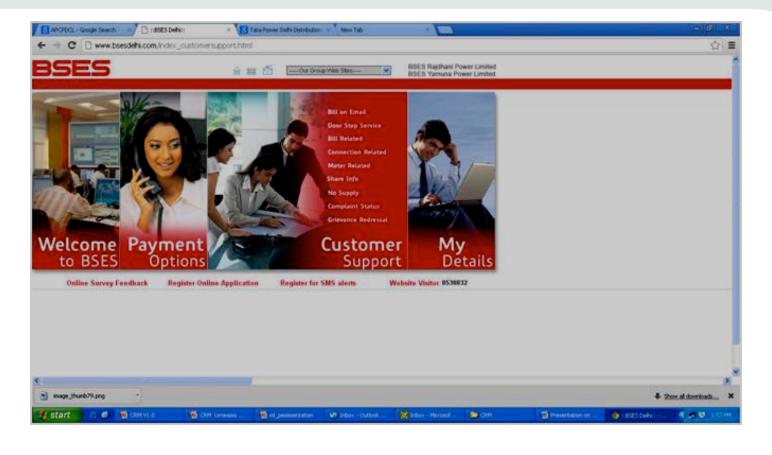






BSES -Delhi



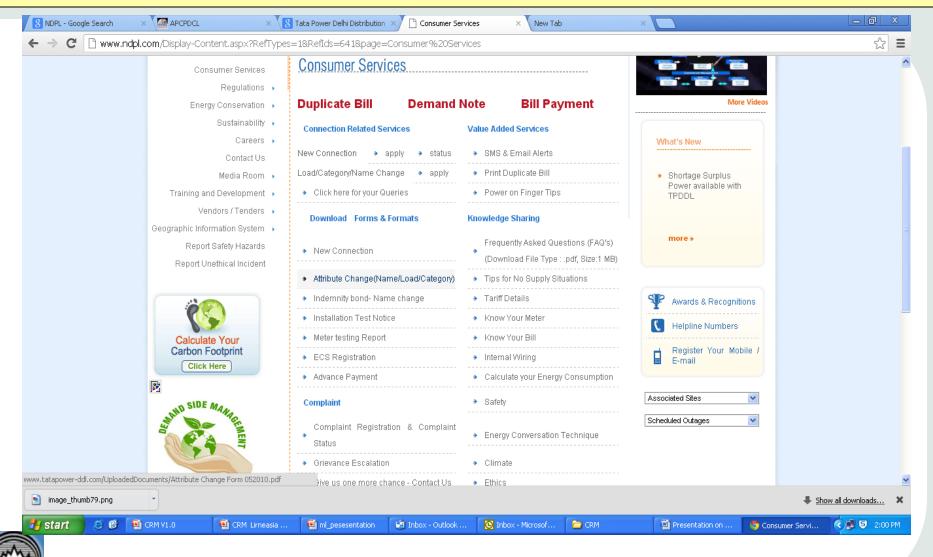






Tata Power Delhi Distribution Company Limited

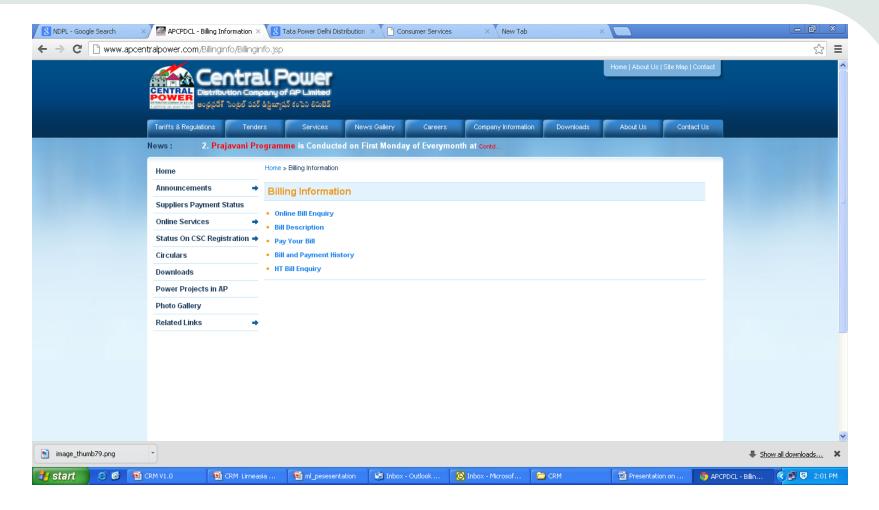






APCPDCL









ICT Opportunities



- 1. Basic groundwork has already been done
- 2. Government support through EA 2003 and various regulations
- 3. Need enhancements in
 - I. CRM Interfaces with
 - i. GIS
 - ii. AMR/SPOT Billing
 - iii. Website
 - iv. Payment gateways
 - v. Prepaid servers
 - vi. IVRS
 - vii. OMS etc





ICT Opportunities



- Major Process improvements in electricity distribution management (MIS, SAP etc)
- 5. Robust Customer Portal Development (Interactive)
 - Customer Queries and Notifications (New Conn., Load/Category/ Name Change, Reading, Billing & payment Queries)
 - ii. Change Billing address, Phone nos., email
 - iii. Activate/Deactivate Paper Bill, Email, SMS Alerts
 - iv. Check reading, Billing and Payment history
 - v. Duplicate Bill & Demand Note
 - vi. Bill Payment





ICT Opportunities



6. Customer Information System

Customer Factsheet (Reading, Billing, Payment, Notification, Disconnection, Enforcement & legal Details)

Customer Search (Account no, ID proof, DOB, Phone, email, name, address)

Notification Creation and follow up

Outbound calling (resolution, follow up and recovery calls)

Spot Resolution (Bill of email, On demand Bill, due date revision, reading correction)





ICT Opportunities



7. SMS Gateway

Notification creation intimation

Customer visit Intimation

Customer Feedback

Resolution/Cancellation Intimation

Bill and payment Intimation

Planned and Unplanned outage Intimation

SMS based Escalations





Research Issues



Questionnaire

- Categorisation of issues pertinent to (a) utility (b) customer
 (c) both
- 2. Ease of (a) understanding the question (b) response
- Language used
- 2. Methodology
 - 1. Definition of sample how to define BoP and micro entrepreneurs in the context of electricity consumers
 - 2. Corresponding billing to sample
 - 3. Sample size
 - 4. Need to cover a consumers over a cross section of private and government owned utilities



Thank You

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Targets/Goals	Solutions/Projects	Cost (Rs Cr)	Remarks
Access to "Electricity for All"	Successful completion of RGGVY and ensuring its sustainability through innovative schemes	ı	RGGYY Estimate
	Micro grids – isolated and connected with main grids:		
	Rural Micro-Grids (<100 kW): 1000 no		Under RGGVY
	Medium (500kW to 2 MW): 500 no		
	Large (>5 MW): 100 no		
2. Reduction of transmission losses (>66 kV) to below 3%	• Reconductoring of old lines		To be funded under Transmission Development Schemes
	•Dynamic line ratings		
	•Wide area monitoring (PMU in all s/stns >110 kV): 3500 points including grid connected renewables		







Targets/ Goals	Solutions/Projects	Cost (Rs Cr)	Remarks
3. Reduction of AT&C losses in all	Successful completion of R-ADPDRP (1401 towns); and its extension to smaller towns: Per 2011 Census there are 7935 towns of which 1401 have been covered under R-APDRP. Balance 6534 towns are to be covered under 12th and 13th Five Year Plans. 3250 have been proposed for 12th Plan		Rs xxxx Cr under Part- B for loss reduction
Distributio n Utilities to below 15%	Condition Monitoring and Energy Auditing & Accounting in real time - each consumption point mapped to a meter and a network asset and bulk supply point. This includes full DT Metering , IP Metering and pre-payment Smart meters for temporary connections. 1.5 million DTs (33% of total) proposed in 12 th Plan		Energy audit as well as condition monitoring of DTs
	Network Planning Tools: 63 Discoms		
	Integration of R-APDRP systems with ERP systems, in particular Finance and HR		
	DT condition based monitoring and control		
	Appropriate solution for Irrigation Pumpset (IP) metering and remote management		to discuss with MoP and Utilities
	National Power MIS Centre at MoP - Aggregation of Power System Data (operational & asset) at national level for better planning and monitoring		







Targets/Goals	Solutions/Projects	Cost (Rs Cr)	Remarks
4. Reduction in Power Cuts	Demand Response for peak load management in all Utilities - target: 5% of peak load		6000 MW - 3hrs/day x 300 days
	AMI for all customers with loads >20 kW (4 million consumers)		
	SCADA/DMS for additional Towns: 572		There are 642 Districts and 70 towns have been covered under R-APDRP; SCADA/DMS may be implemented in balance 572 district HQs
	Automatic re-closers		Rs xx Cr - to be covered under Part-B







Targets / Goals	Solutions/Projects	Cost (Rs Cr)	Remarks	
5. Improvement in Power Quality and	Substation Automation and modernization: all 110/132 33 kV and above (GIS where ever feasible; new breakers, numerical relays, bay controllers and transformer monitors)	-	To be covered under Part B (approx: Rs. xxx Cr)	
Reliability	Fiber connectivity for all substations 33kV and above – fiber network connecting 250K Panchayats to be leveraged			
	Improvement in HT:LT ratio, Volt-Var Compensation systems and other KPIs	æ	Part B of RAPDRP	
	Smart or Smart Ready Meters for all new connections	_	FAIL DOI NAPUNP	







Targets/Goals	Solutions/Projects	Cost
6. ToU Tariff	Appropriate regulation for implementation of ToU Tariff for all categories of consumers	1
7. Renewables Integration	Systems for load forecasting and generation forecasting	•
8. Energy Efficiency improvements	Mandatory BMS for commercial buildings and industrial units with loads >300 kW and its integration with DMS	3
	All consumers above 20 kW to evaluate Energy Efficiency	I)
9. Standards for Smart Appliances – energy efficient and DR ready	Standards for Smart Appliances – DR ready	1







Targets/Goals	Solutions/Projects	Cost
10. Strengthening of EHV System	Stable backbone of 765 kV system in operation Enhancement of inter-regional power transfer capacity Expansion of HVDC system FACTS, SVC etc	
11. Efficient Power Exchanges	•Remote Metering Systems for all feeders at transmission level enabling same-day settlement at power exchanges	-
12. Training and Capacity building in Utilities and in the Industry to build, operate and maintain SG systems and applications	Smart Grid focused courses in IITs/IIITs and other Engineering Colleges Training and skill development programs at Utilities and Institutions in collaboration with CPRI, CBIP, NSDC and institutions from overseas	-







Targets/Goals	Solutions/Projects	Cost
13. Consumer Participation	Consultation and involvement of consumers in SG initiatives	-
14. Research & Development	Fundamental and Applied Research, Technology Absorption and Diffusion; and Tecchnopreneurship	2
15. Safety	Safety of workers, consumers, public., domestic animals and wild life	1
16. Sustainability Initiatives	End of life processing facilities for SF6 and CFLs	
	Life-cycle analysis of electrical equipment	_
	Promotion of CHP projects	







Targets/Goals

- 1. Reduction of T&D losses to below 12% in all Utilities
- Improvement in Power Quality
- End of Power Cuts
- Efficient forecasting and dispatching of Renewables
- Standards Development standards for EVs and Smart Infrastructure (SEZ, Buildings, Roads/Bridges, Parking lots, Malls etc)
- 6. UHV and EHV Strengthening
- 7. Research & Developments
- 8. Export of SG products, solutions and services to overseas
- 9. Training & Capacity Building
- 10. Consumer Participation
- 11. Sustainability Initiatives
- 12. Safety

Solutions/Projects

- 1. a) R-ADPDRP Solutions to be rolled out utility-wide, b) transmission losses below 2% in all state Transcos through upgradation and modernization of lines and substations
- 2. a) Modernization of all substations 33 kV and above (GIS where ever feasible), b) improvements in HT:LT ratio, VVC and other KPIs, c) all power transformers (11 kV & above) and all DTs are monitored, d) SCADA/DMS for all towns with annual energy consumption > 50 MU (or >25 K population), e) Inter-connection of isolated micro-grids with National Grid where ever feasible
- 3. a) DR mandatory for all loads >20 kW, b) Substation Automation, c) AMI for all customers with loads >10 kW, d) Outage Management Systems and Mobile Crew Management Systems, e) Smart Meters for all connections >3 kW, f) Utility wide SG Roll outs in select utilities metros, state capitals and large urban areas
- 4. Systems for load forecasting and generation forecasting integrated with weather forecasting
- 5. a) Standards and Infra for EV charging stations and intelligent systems to manage EVs on the grid, b) smart buildings (loads >100 kW) integration with DMS, c) Mandatory standards for appliances (DR readiness), d) inter-operability & cyber security, e) Real-time price signals and choice of tariff plans for select categories of customers
- 6. a) 1200kV systems in operation, b) Expansion of 765 kV and HVDC systems
- 7. Efforts augmented, assets harvested, patents obtained
- 8. Export targets to be fixed based on the progress made in 12th Plan
- 9. Training & Capacity building efforts augmented
- 10. Consumer participation efforts augmented
- 11. Sustainability initiatives augmented
- 12. Safety drives augmented

