Knowledge, information and communication habits and needs in Myanmar: Stories from the field

Helani Galpaya
ICTD2015 Conference
May 2015, Singapore









LIRNEasia and MIDO: research, capacity building, policy interventions in Myanmar

- Demand-side research on ICT needs and uses
- Nationally representative survey on ICT needs and usage in Myanmar (2015)
 - Qualitative study of 124 low income urban micro-entrepreneurs (2014)
- Training of 20 Parliamentarians from 6 political parties (2014)
 - on ICT Sector Policy making and regulation
- Detailed Comments on the proposed Telecom Law (2014)
- Translation and publication of books into Myanmar language (2014)
 - Ling, Donner (2009). *Mobile Communication*
 - Elder, Samarajiva, Gillwald (2013). Information Lives of the Poor
- Training of civil society organizations, government and private sector on ICT sector policy making, regulation, monitoring of sector performance, how to be good consumers of research
 - 2014, with IDRC & OSI funding
 - 2013, together with World Bank and GSMA, as soon as licenses were issued

New research

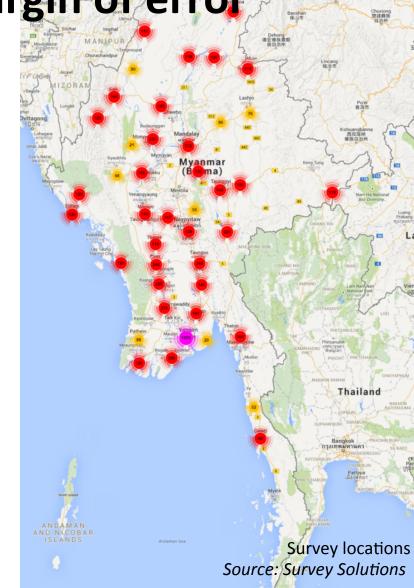
NATIONALLY REPRESENTATIVE BASELINE SURVEY ON ICT NEEDS AND USAGE IN MYANMAR

Nationally representative survey on ICT needs and usage in Myanmar (baseline, in anticipation of at least one more survey)

- To establish a national baseline
 - Where Myanmar stands now
 - Measure impacts of mobile in 1 year (subject to funding)
- Focus on mobile and Internet (where in use)
- Data collected in Feb-Mar 2015 by CAPI from
 - 8,400 households
 - household level questionnaire (from household head)
 - individual level questionnaire (one individual, randomly selected, aged 15-65)
 - 500+ 'clusters' (urban=wards; rural=villages)
 - Cluster characteristics
 - Mobile network quality (using software on a mobile phone)
 - Retail prices of 20 household essentials (rice, gram, coconuts, etc.)

Nationwide survey conducted in Feb-Mar 2015. Representative of 97% of households (96.3% of population) with ±2.5% margin of error

- Representative of population aged 15-65 in all accessible areas of Myanmar
 - 32 townships excluded due to security concerns
 - 97% of total households and 96.3% of total population represented with ±2.5% margin of error
- Stratified four stage PPS cluster sampling design used; stratification by:
 - 1) Population size (big cities; other major cities; smaller townships)
 - Geographic region (Delta, Eastern hills, Long coast, etc.)
 - 3) Urban/rural
- For full sampling details, see Methodology Note



Baseline survey findings

ACCESS

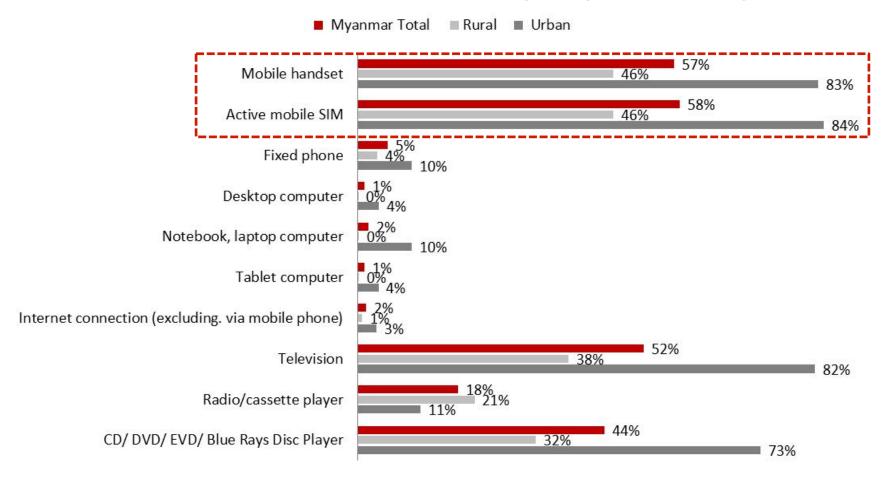
More than 90% of wards/villages covered (has signal) and have re-load locations. But purchase of SIM and handset still limited to urban areas

		Wards (urban)	Villages (rural)	All Myanmar
Do you receive any mobile phone coverage in your ward/ village?	Yes	96%	87%	90%
	No	3%	9%	7%
	Don't know	1%	4%	3%
Can you top-up your mobile phone credit in this ward/village?	Yes	96%	60%	72%
	No	4%	39%	28%
	Don't know	0%	1%	1%
Can you purchase a mobile SIM card in this ward/village?	Yes	84%	22%	42%
	No	17%	77%	57%
	Don't know	0%	1%	1%
Can you purchase a mobile phone handset in this ward/village?	Yes	82%	13%	35%
	No	18%	86%	64%
	Don't know	0%	1%	1%

Base: Ward/Village representatives

~ 60% of households have at least 1 mobile phone and active SIM among members (half of these households have more than 1).

Access to ICTs and ICT services in the household (% of Myanmar households)

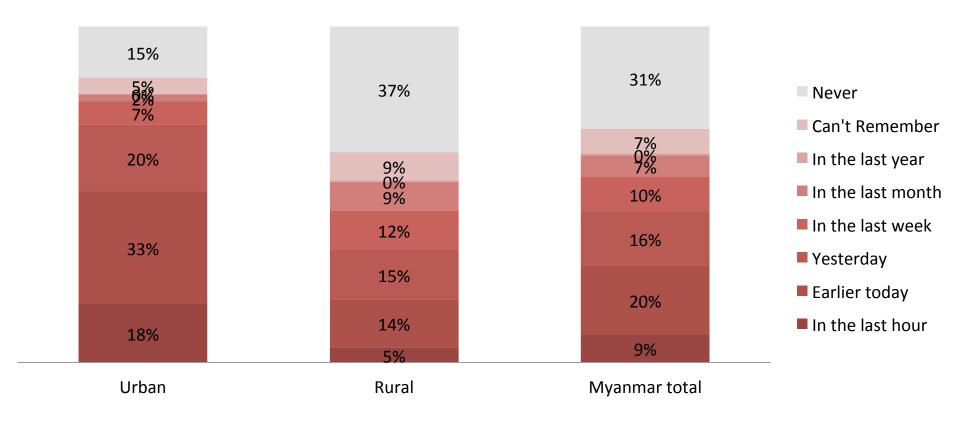


Baseline survey findings

MOST RECENT PHONE USE: WHEN WAS THE LAST TIME YOU USED A PHONE?

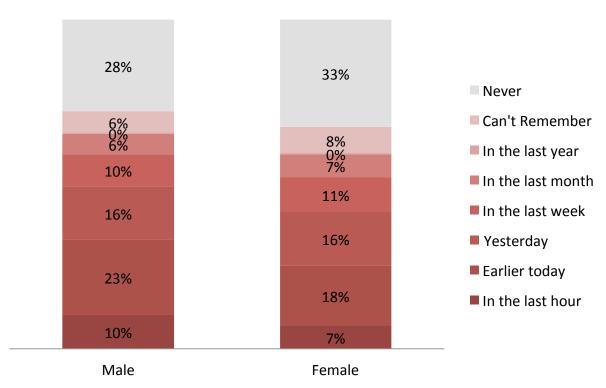
69% of 15-65 year olds in MM have used a phone before (teleusers); urban teleusers had more recent use than rural

When was the last time you used a phone? (% of 15-65 year olds)



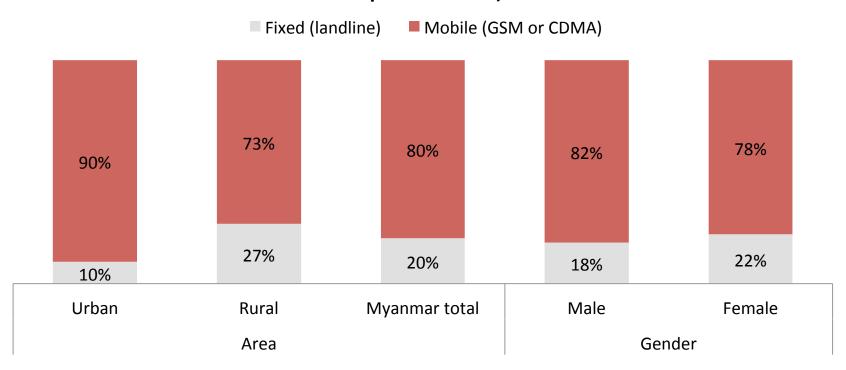
Small gender variation: males more frequent teleusers

When was the last time you used a phone? (% of 15-65 year olds)

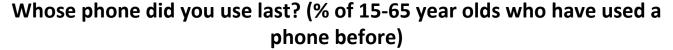


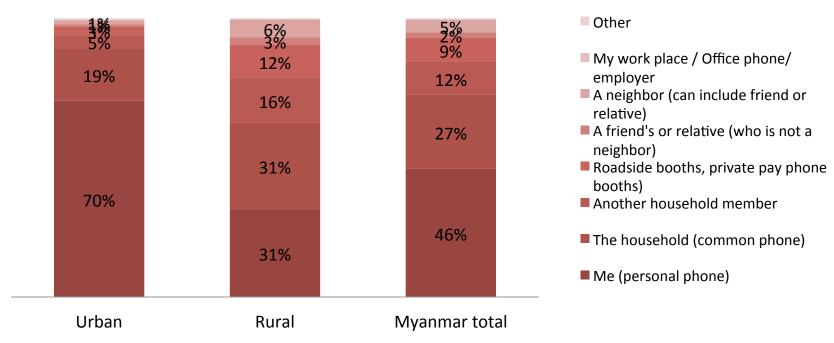
80% of teleusers said the last time they used a phone, it was a mobile (not nesc. their own)

What type of phone did you use last? (% of 15-65 year olds who have used a phone before)



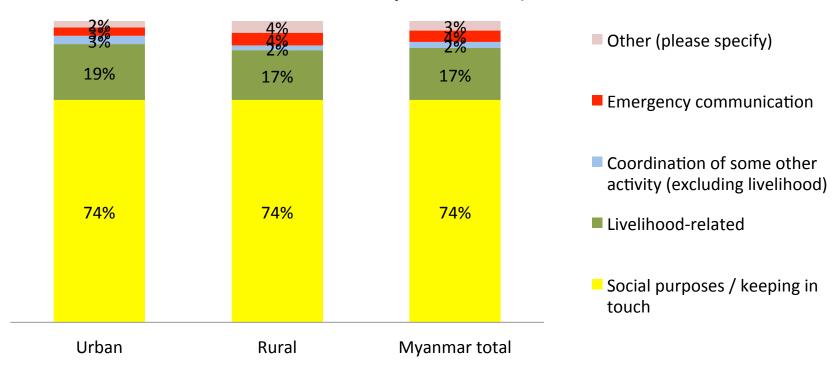
Most either used their own phone or another one in the house. 78% of rural teleusers can get to a phone in the house





Calls mostly for social purposes, some livelihoodrelated communication

Purpose of the last call made or received (% of 15-65 year olds who have used a phone before)

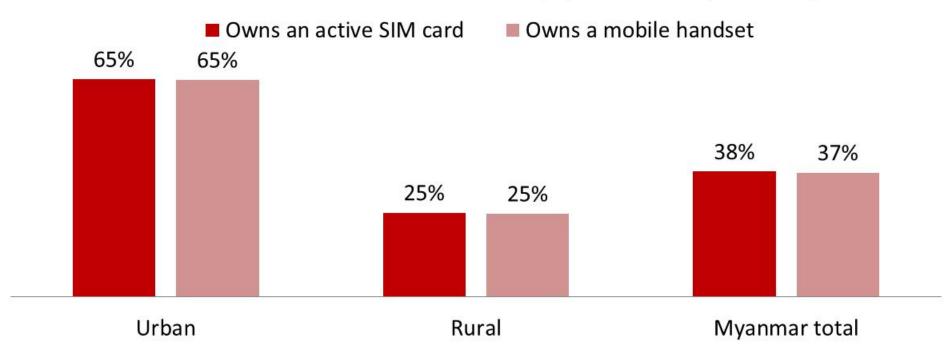


Baseline survey findings

MOBILE SUBSCRIBERS: OWNERSHIP AND USAGE

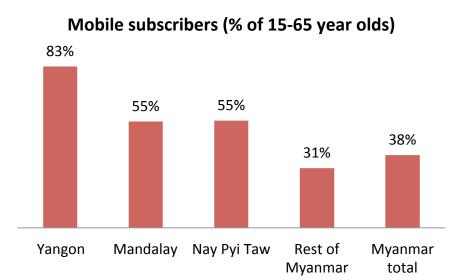
38% Myanmar 15-65 population are mobile subscribers. ~ Matches govt./operator reported data

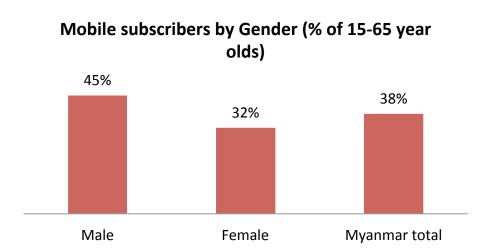
Mobile SIM and handset ownership (% of 15-65 year olds)



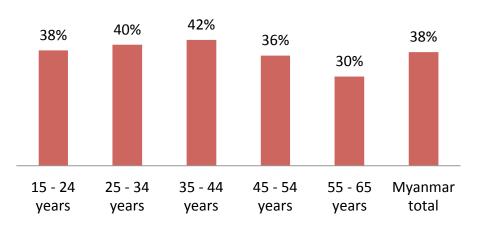
- City-wise SIM penetration:
 - Yangon-83%; Mandalay-55%; Nay Pyi Taw-55%

Adoption driven by big cities; Gender gap in exists; No 'obvious' ageism



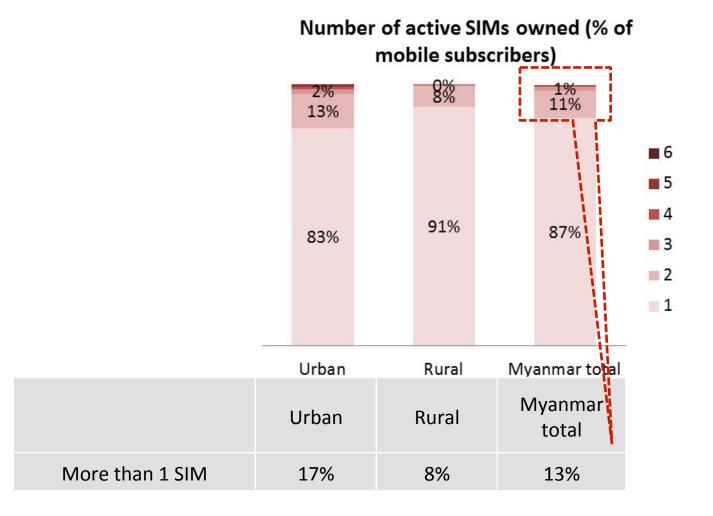


Mobile subscribers by age (% of 15-65 yr olds)



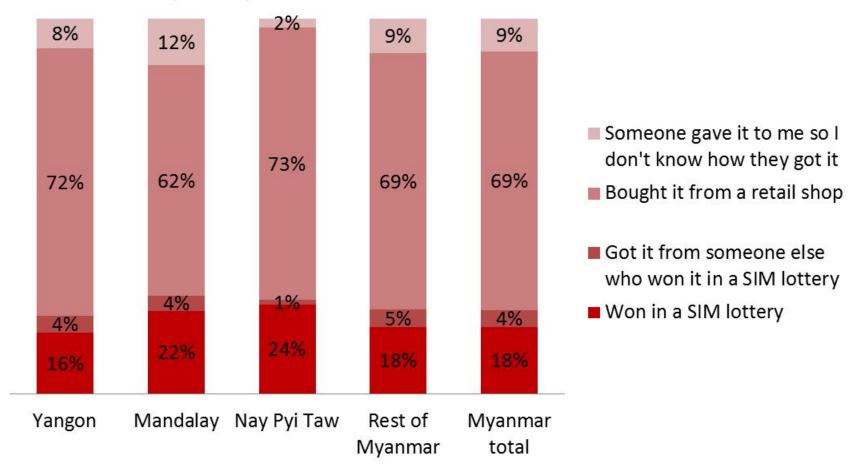
Base: All respondents

13% of mobile owners have more than one active SIM; higher in urban areas



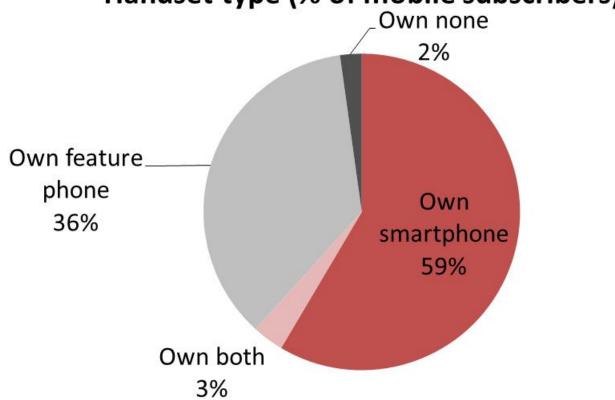
18% of subscribers' primary connection was obtained via lottery. Majority bought in a shop

How primary SIM card was obtained (% of mobile owners)



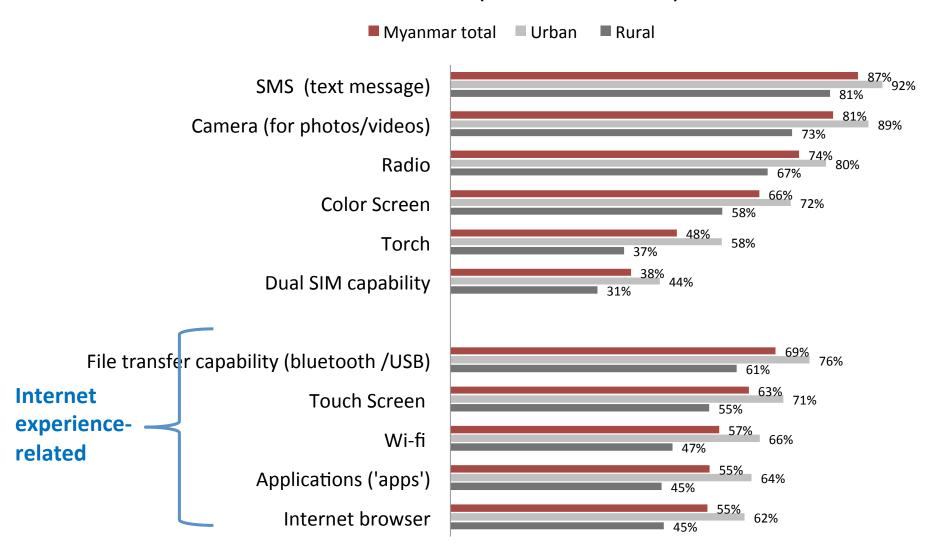
Smartphones dominate



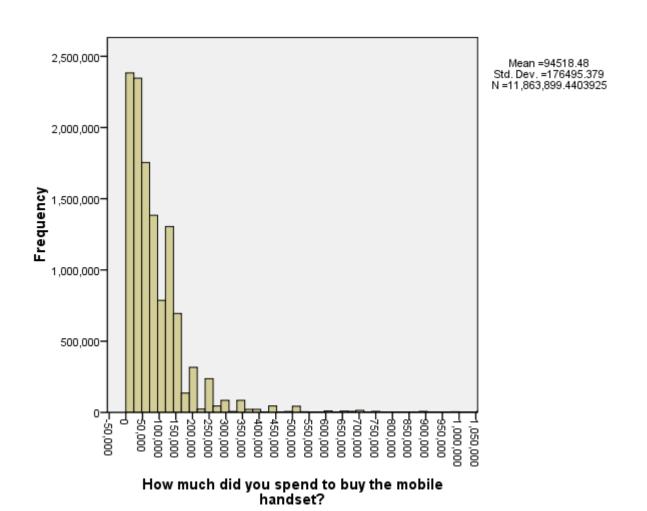


...with internet-ready features

Handset features (% of mobile subscribers)

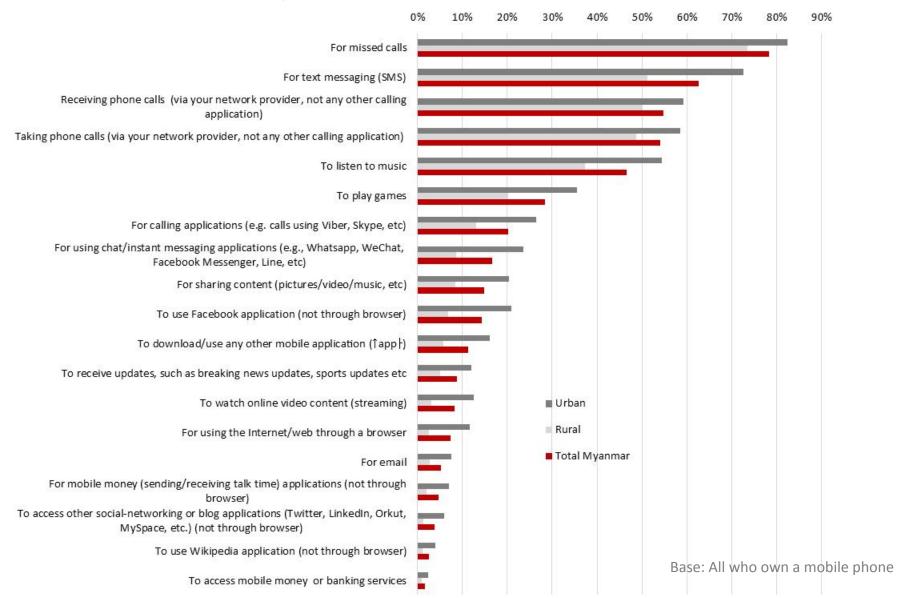


Mean price paid for handset was MMK 94,500 (approx. USD87); 11% of owners got it free/as a gift

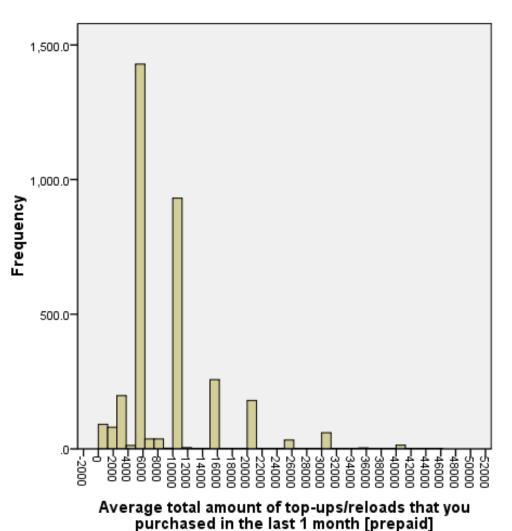


Mobile for voice, SMS, missed calls, music, games

What they do with their mobile (% of mobile subscribers)



Monthly spend on top-ups MMK5,000 (USD5) on average



Mean =8532.12 Std. Dev. =6083.449 N =3,373

Base: Mobile phone owners

Baseline survey findings

COMPUTER AND INTERNET USE

Computer and Internet (via browser) use very low

Have you used a <u>computer</u> from any location in the last 12 months? This can include a desktop, laptop or tablet (tab) computer

	% 15-65 year olds
Yes	2%
Can't remember when, but I have used one before	1%
No	90%
Don't know what a computer is	7%

Have you used the <u>Internet</u> through a browser (e.g., UC Browser, Opera, , Chrome, Mozilla Firefox, Dolphin, Internet Explorer etc.) on a tab, computer or mobile phone in the last 12 months

	% 15-65 year olds
Yes	2%
Can't remember when, but I have used one before	0%
No	92%
I haven't heard of internet	6%

Small base (approx. 200), but all of these users are mobile subscribers; almost 75% of this use is via a mobile Internet browser; more than half use it at least once a day; most frequent use is for Facebook (75%).

Base : All respondents

Test-bed for attractiveness of Zero-Rated content Does your mobile service provider provide any

Does your mobile service provider provide any 'free' content through your mobile service plan?

	Urban	Rural	Total Myanmar
Wiki-zero	1%	0%	1%
Facebook-zero	7%	4%	6%
certain music/songs/ring tones I can listen to/	16%	0%	15%
certain pictures/video I can download/view for free	29%	0%	27%
other types of content: [Please specify]	0%	0%	0%
Base : All mobile owners			

Do you use any of these applications/services?

	Urban	Rural	Total Myanmar
Wiki-zero	7%	10%	7%
Facebook-zero	17%	21%	18%
Certain music/songs/ring tones I can listen to/	22%	0%	21%
Certain pictures/video I can download/view for free	52%	0%	47%
Other types of content: [Please specify]	0%	0%	0%
Base: Those who received any free content			

What does 'I use the internet' mean in Myanmar?

Have you used the <u>Internet</u> through a browser (e.g., UC Browser, Opera, , Chrome, Mozilla Firefox, Dolphin, Internet Explorer etc.) on a tab, computer or mobile phone in the last 12 months

	% 15-65 year olds
Yes	2%
Can't remember when, but I have used one before	0%
No	92%
I haven't heard of internet	6%

Small base (approx. 200), but all of these users are mobile subscribers; almost 75% of this use is via a mobile Internet browser; more than half use it at least once a day; most frequent use is for Facebook (75%).

Do you use any of these applications/services?

	Urban	Rural	Total Myanmar
Wiki-zero	7%	10%	7%
Facebook-zero	17%	21%	(18%)
Certain music/songs/ring tones I can listen to/	22%	0%	21%
Certain pictures/video I can download/view for free	52%	0%	47%
Other types of content: [Please specify]	0%	0%	0%
Base: Those who received any free content			

Baseline survey findings

NON-SUBSCRIBERS

Affordability and perceived low utility are most common reasons for not getting a mobile phone

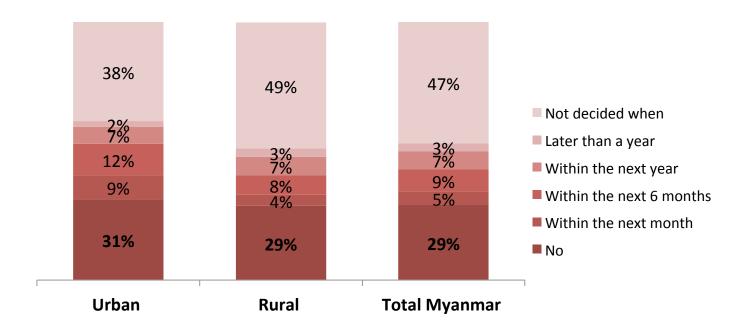
Why don't you have a mobile phone connection? (% of teleusers who don't own a handset or active SIM)

	Urban	Rural	Myanmar Total
I cannot afford a handset	32%	41%	40%
I have no use for it / don't need one	39%	28%	30%
No mobile coverage where I live	2%	10%	8%
I don't know how to use a mobile/too complicated	7%	7%	7%
I cannot afford a SIM card	1%	2%	2%
My phone in broken	6%	2%	3%
No electricity where I live to charge the mobile phone	0%	2%	1%
My phone got stolen	4%	1%	1%
Other	10%	7%	8%

Base: Those who have used a phone before, but don't own a handset or an active SIM card

About 50% expect to purchase in the coming year

Do you plan to get a mobile phone in the future?



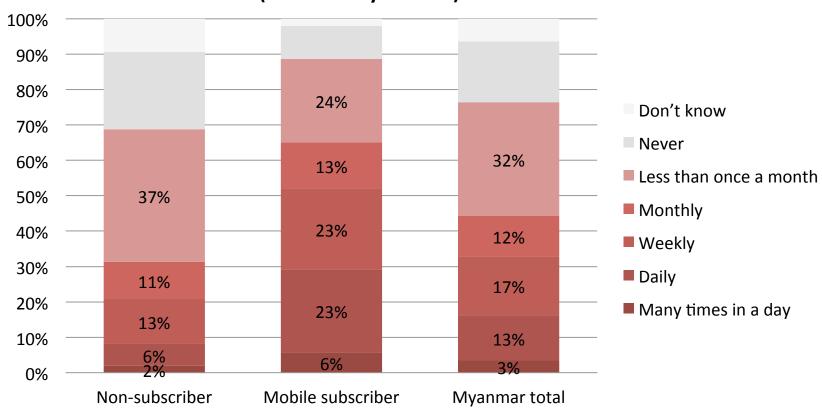
Base: Own neither mobile handset nor an active sim card

Baseline survey findings

COMMUNICATION HABITS AND NEEDS

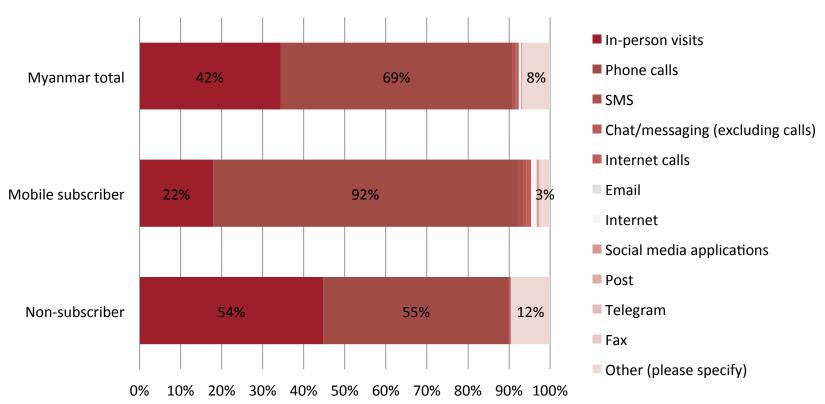
Most have some need to communicate with those outside their town/village

Frequency of communication with people outside of own town/village (% of 15-65 year olds)



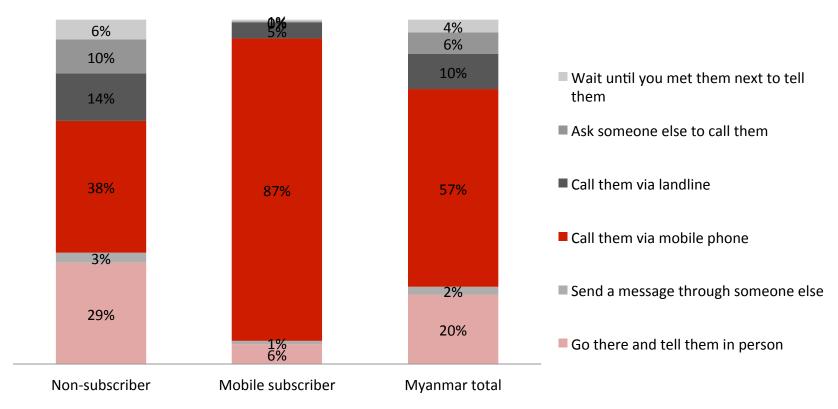
Most communication outside the town/village by in-person visits or phone calls; in person visits more common among non-subscribers

How respondent generally communicates with others outside their town/village (% of those that communicate with people outside town/village)



Communication in an emergency: mobiles substitute for physical travel

How respondent would communicate an urgent message to someone outside of town/village (% of 15-65 year olds)

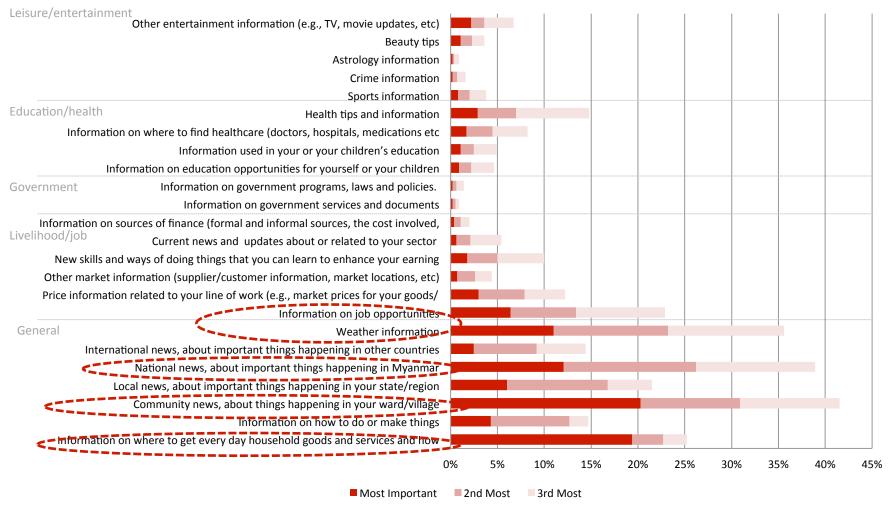


Baseline survey findings

INFORMATION NEEDS

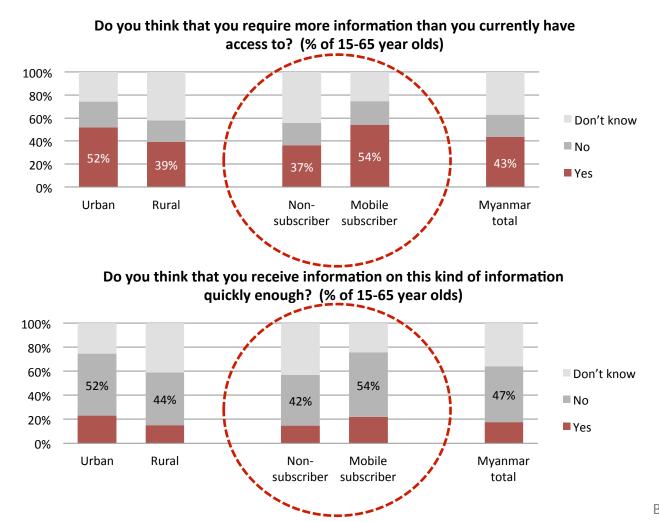
Information needs: Thirst for news (national & community), where to obtain daily goods/ services, weather, jobs

Day-to-day information needs (% of rural 15-65 year olds)



Base: All respondents

Compared to non-subscribers, mobile subscribers are 'hungrier' for information – want more, faster than currently available



Base: All respondents

GOING FORWARD

Upcoming research (2015 and 2016)

- Qualitative study of MEs
 - Panel study of 2014 respondents
- End-line survey to assess socioeconomic impact of mobile (if any)
 - Possible variables where changes can be seen:
 - Speed of information travel
 - Quantity of information available
 - Prices of good
 - Mix of physical visits vs. phone calls for given purpose

FURTHER DETAILS

www.lirneasia.net

helani[at]lirneasia.net