

## Broadband Quality of Service

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## Overview

- The QoS metrics
- The evaluation methodology
- AT-Tester
- Summary



#### **Broadband QoS Defined**

ITU-T: 1.5 Mb/s

TRAI: 256 kb/s

Subscriber:

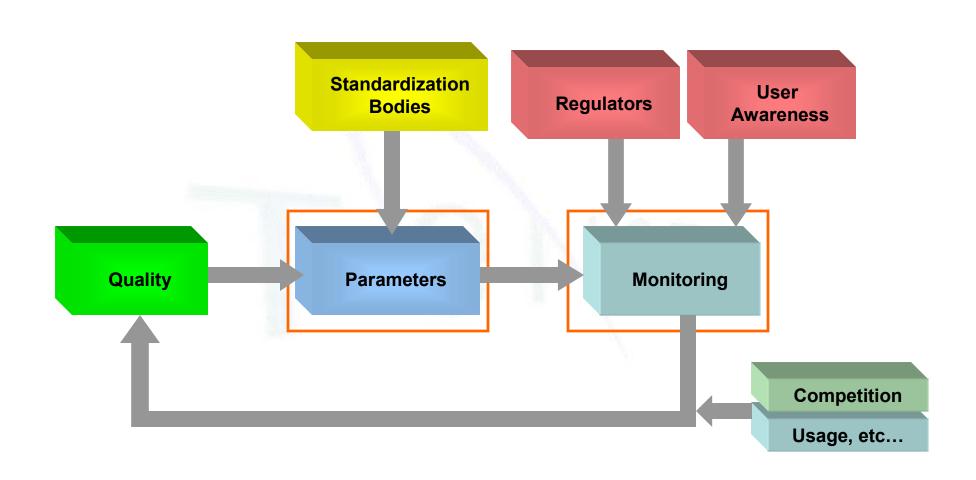
Good experience with common services -- multi-media browsing, downloads, streaming media, VOIP, multi-player games Requires 256 kb/s - 1 Mb/s

- QoS Metrics Standardization
  - ITU-T 1540/1541
  - IETF IPPM

TRAI 15Jan09 Paper discuss the QoSE requirement to be met by the Operators



## Quality?





#### Parameters in ITU-T Y.1540

ITU-T 1540	Remarks
Throughput	Defined in ITU-T Y.1221
IPTD	IP packet Transfer Delay
IPDV	IP packet Delay Variation
IPLR	IP packet Loss Ratio
IPER	IP Packet Error Ratio
SIPR	Spurious IP packet Ratio
Availability	<ul> <li>Y.1540 defines availability if IPLR &lt; 0.75.</li> <li>Minimum observation period of 5 min.</li> <li>Defined as Percent availability</li> </ul>



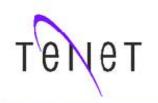
#### ITU-T Y.1541 IP QoS Classes

Params	Class-0	Class-1	Class-2	Class-3	Class-4	Class-5
IPTD	100 ms	400 ms	100 ms	400 ms	1 s	U
IPDV	50 ms	50 ms	U	U	U	C
IPLR	1 × 10-3	1 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	U			
IPER	1 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	U				

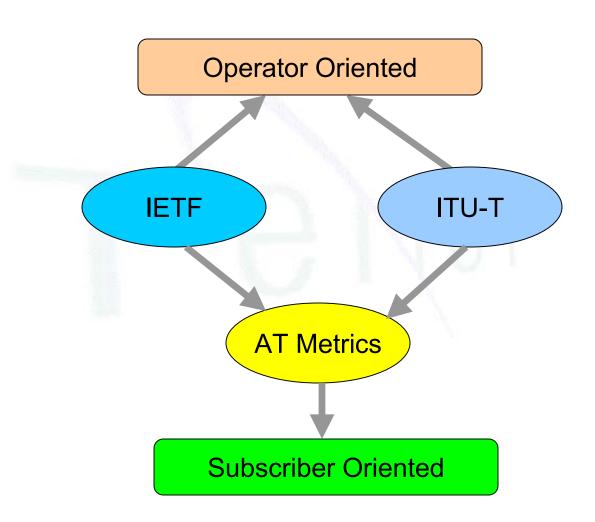


# IETF—IPPM IP Performance Metrics

IPPM	Remarks
Link/Path Bandwidth Capacity RFC5136	Capacity of the Link/Path
Bulk Transport Capacity RFC3138	Bandwidth available at transport layer
One-way & Two-way Delay RFC2679, RFC2681	Delay experienced by the packet from source to destination (and back)
Delay Variation RFC3393	Variation in Delay
Packet Re-ordering RFC4737	Number of packets received out of sequence in the Destination
One-way & Two-way Loss RFC2680	Number of packets lost from source to destination (and back)
Loss-pattern RFC2680	Number of packets lost from source to destination (and back)
Connectivity RFC2680	Number of packets lost from source to destination (and back)



## **AT Metrics**





#### AT QoS Metrics

- More Subscriber Oriented Metrics, objective way of measuring subscriber QoE
  - Download throughput
    - Download Bandwidth available to the user.
  - Upload throughput
    - Upload Bandwidth available to the user
  - Round-trip delay (RTT)
    - Time taken for a packet to reach a destination and return
  - Delay jitter
    - Average variation in RTT
  - Packet loss
    - No of packets lost, expressed in %
  - Availability of service



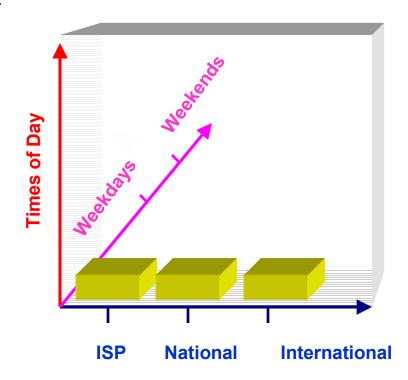
## Comparison with ITU-T & IETF

AT Model	IETF IPPM	ITU-T	
Throughput (upload & Download)	<ul><li>Link/Path Bandwidth Capacity</li><li>Bulk Transport Capacity</li></ul>	ITU-T Y.1221	
Delay (RTT)	One-way & Two-way Delay	IP packet Transfer Delay (IPTD)	
Jitter	Delay Variation	IP packet Delay Variation (IPDV)	
Packet Loss	Loss-pattern     One-way & Two-way Loss	IP packet Loss Ratio (IPLR)	
		IP Packet Error Ratio (IPER)	
	Packet Re-ordering		
		Spurious IP packet ratio (SIPR)	
Availability	Connectivity	Defined with IPLR (IPLR < 0.75)	



## Test Methodology (1)

- Tests 6 parameters
  - Covers most aspects of subscriber QoE
- Tests three servers (ISP, National, International)
  - ISP local N/w, National Peering and International Bw
- Repeated at different times of the day
  - Provisioning & Dimensioning of N/w
- Repeated at weekdays and weekends
  - Provisioning & Dimensioning of N/w



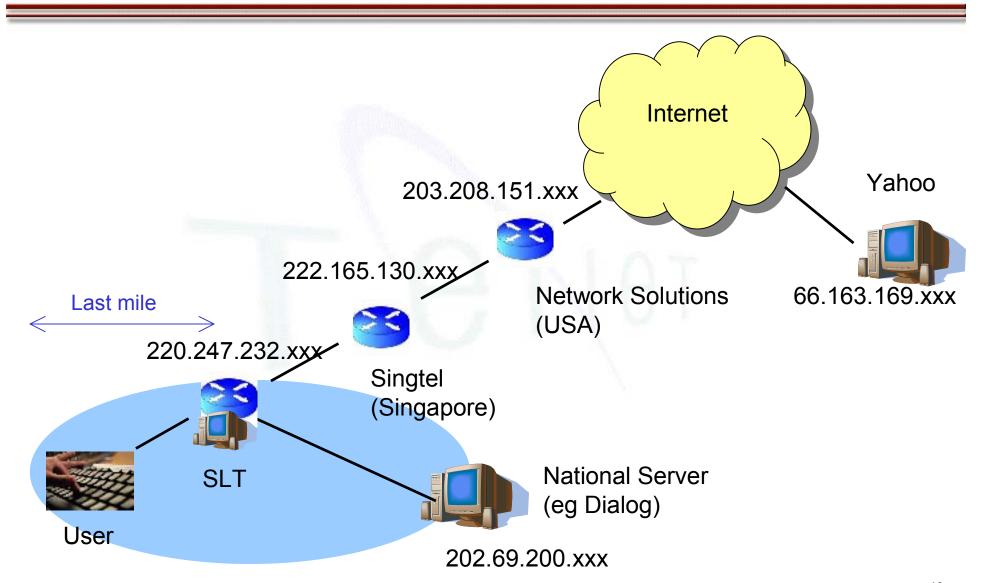


## Test Methodology (2)

- Uses commonly available tools
  - BW monitor
  - Ping
  - Tracert
- Tests for long intervals to minimize effects of short term variations (e.g. 100 pings, 100 sec download)
- Variations studied and outliers removed



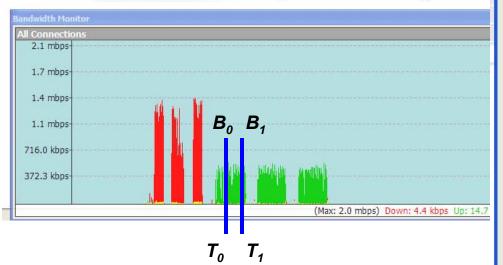
## Network Diagram of a Test



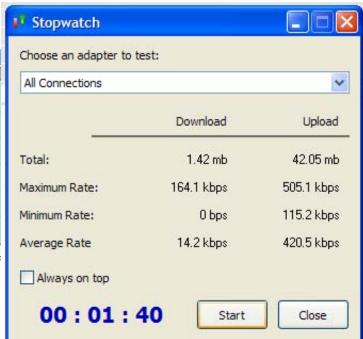


## Throughputs

- Download/Upload a large file (~ 5 MB)
- Throughput Measurement
  - A. File size / Elapsed time (Displayed by file transfer utilities)
  - B. More Accurate Result



Throughput =  $(B_1 - B_0) / (T_1 - T_0)$ 





## Round Trip Time (RTT)

 RTT: Time taken for a packet to reach the destination and return.

Average RTT ( M ) measured using Ping with 100 packets

```
Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.0.6000]
Copyroght (c) 2006 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
 C:\Users\arep>ping www.yahoo.com
Pinging www.yahoo-ht3.akadns.net [209.131.34.158] with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 209.131.36.158: bytes=32 time=351ms TTL=53
Reply from 209.131.36.158: bytes=32 time=337ms TL=53
Reply from 209.131.36.158: bytes=32 time=335ms TLL=53
Reply from 209.131.36.158: bytes=32 time=336ms TLL=52
Ping statistics for 209.131.36.158:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0. loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 335ms, Maximum = 351ms, Average = 339ms
C:\Users\user>tracert 209.131.36.158
Tracing route to f1.www.vip.sp1.yahoo.com [209.131.36.158]
over a maximum of 30 hops:
                         1 ms
15 ms
13 ms
20 ms
62 ms
403 ms
324 ms
336 ms
338 ms
                                          13 ms
15 ms
60 ms
                                                       so-0-0-0.pat2.pao.yahoo.com [216.115.101.130]
ge-2-1-0-p501.pat1.sjc.yahoo.com [216.115.106.17
                                         347 ms g-0-0-0-p170.msr2.sp1.yahoo.com [216.115.107.81]
                                                      te-9-1.bas-a1.sp1.yahoo.com [209.131.32.23]
                                                       f1.www.vip.sp1.yahoo.com [209.131.36.158]
Trace complete.
C:\Users\user>_
```



#### Jitter and Round Trip Time

Jitter: Variation in RTT

$$\sum_{k=1}^{k=n} |\boldsymbol{M} - \boldsymbol{r_k}| / 100$$

M = Average RTT; n = sample size = 100;  $r_k = k^{th} \text{ RTT reading}$ 

Measured by pinging 100 packets to destination



## Packet Loss and Availability

- Packet Loss = Number of packets (in %) which do not reach the destination
  - Measured by Ping
- Availability = 1 Prob[Service unavailable for >30 sec]
  - Service Unavailable > 30 sec, measured by continuous failure of ping packet for greater than 30 sec.



#### Relevance of Metrics

	Throughput		Delay		Loss
Service	Download	Upload	RTT	Jitter	
Browse (text)	1	=	•	i <del>e</del>	( <del>-</del>
Browse (media)	1	Ħ	1	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
Download file	1	-1	-	<u> </u>	-
Transactions	-		•	<b>1</b>	-
Streaming media	企		<b>1</b>	1	1
VOIP	<b>1</b>	1	•	•	1
Games	<b></b>	<b>1</b>	1	•	1

++ highly relevant very relevant relevant - not relevant



## Test Timings

- 08:00 hrs: Lean period
- 11:00 hrs: Peak Business hours
- 15:00 hrs: Peak business hours
- 18:00 hrs: Shift from business to residential usage
- 20:00 hrs: Early residential users
- 23:00 hrs: Late residential users

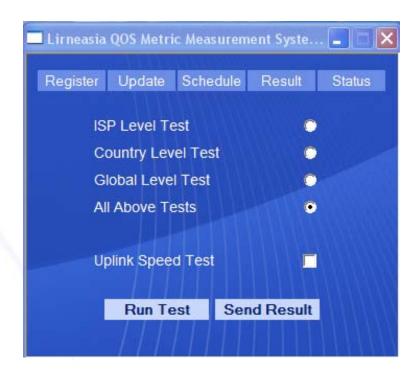


## **AT Tester**



#### **AT Tester**

- Windows based test software to measure the Broadband QoSE
- Measure the performance at different levels
  - ISP
  - National
  - Global
- Server Aggregates the result (www.broadbandasia.info)
- Success depends on more volunteers





### AT-Tester: Registration

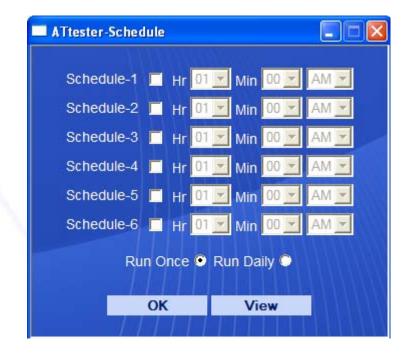
- Registration of end user
  - Service Provider including region
  - Advertised Download Speed
  - Package Type (Business /Residential)
  - E-mail id of the end user





#### AT-Tester: Auto Scheduler

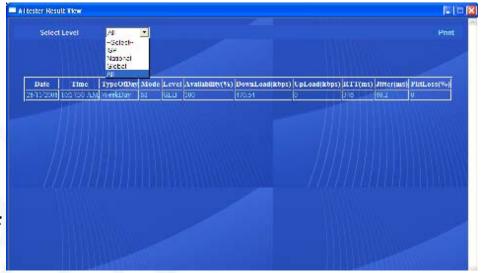
- Testing invoked as per configured schedule
- Scheduled to run once or daily
- Prompt the user before executing the test

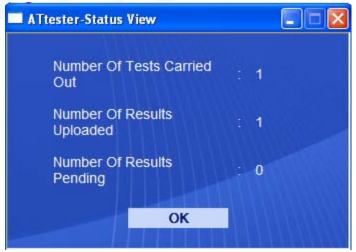




#### AT-Tester: Results & Status

- Display the results of the tests executed
  - Filtered for ISP, National,
     Global
- Display the current status of AT-Tester
  - Tests Done
  - Result Uploaded
  - Pending Results







#### **Summary Report**

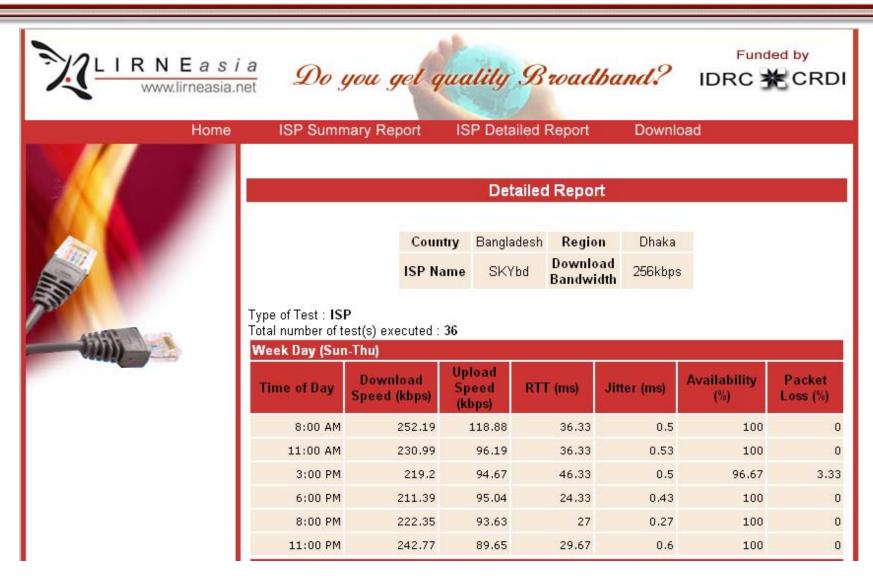
www.broadbandasia.info





#### **ISP** Detailed Report

www.broadbandasia.info





#### ISP Detailed Report ....

www.broadbandasia.info

Type of Test: National

lype of Test : <b>National</b> Fotal number of test(s) executed : <b>36</b>								
Week Day (Sun-Thu)								
Time of Day	Download Speed (kbps)	Upload Speed (kbps)	RTT (ms)	Jitter (ms)	Availability (%)	Packet Loss (%)		
8:00 AM	238.29	131.63	38.67	0.3	100	0		
11:00 AM	202.43	122.16	41.67	0.13	100	0		
3:00 PM	202.19	103.09	26	0.43	100	0		
6:00 PM	208.72	136.13	38.67	0.5	100	0		
8:00 PM	193.89	81.17	31.33	0.57	100	0		
11:00 PM	232.93	104.91	38	0.53	96.67	3.33		
Week End (Fri-	Sat)	Week End (Fri-Sat)						
Time of Day	Download Speed (kbps)	Upload Speed (kbps)	RTT (ms)	Jitter (ms)	Availability (%)	Packet Loss (%)		
Time of Day 8:00 AM		Speed	RTT (ms)	Jitter (ms)				
	Speed (kbps)	Speed (kbps)	, ,		(%)	Loss (%)		
8:00 AM	Speed (kbps) 321.17	Speed (kbps) 112.21	30.67	0.43	(%) 100	<b>Loss (%)</b>		
8:00 AM 11:00 AM	321.17 194.75	Speed (kbps) 112.21 111.76	30.67 40	0.43 0.63	(%) 100 100	Loss (%) 0		
8:00 AM 11:00 AM 3:00 PM	321.17 194.75 212.96	Speed (kbps) 112.21 111.76 125.79	30.67 40 35	0.43 0.63 0.17	(%) 100 100 100	Loss (%) 0 0		



#### Conclusions

- As Internet access becomes more essential, tremendous potential for broadband growth
  - Cost of service and QoS are key
- Six objective measures for QoS
- Test methodology to minimize bias and error
- AT-Tester & Test results
- Open, democratic approach:
  - Millions of individuals measure their quality of service
  - Publicize it to induce operators to improve quality



#### Reference Links

- AT Test Result http://www.broadbandasia.info
- TeNeT Group http://www.tenet.res.in
- Articles on the various broadband technologies -http://en.wikipedia.org

#### **Thank You**