

Broadband Quality of Service Experience



Chennai, India
November 3 2009



Agenda

- Broadband: at what cost ?
 - Helani Galpaya, LIRNEasia
- Innovation in Regulation: BB QoS monitoring
 - Chanuka Wattegama, LIRNEasia
- Research Findings
 - Prof. Timothy Gonzalves, TeNeT/IIT-M
- Panel Discussion
 - Chair: Prof Ashok Jhunjhunwala, TeNeT/IIT-M
 - Operators

About LIRNEasia

- *“To improve the lives of the people of the emerging Asia-Pacific by facilitating their use of ICTs and related infrastructures; by catalyzing the reform of laws, policies and regulations to enable those uses through the conduct of policy-relevant research, training and advocacy with emphasis on building in-situ expertise”*
- A regional ICT policy and regulation think tank
 - Scope: Asia (Pacific)
- Research focused, not project implementation (except pilots)
- Current cycle research in: Afghanistan, Bangladesh, India, Indonesia, Maldives, Pakistan, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Thailand (‘SAPTI’)

Broadband : at what cost?

Some evidence from emerging Asia

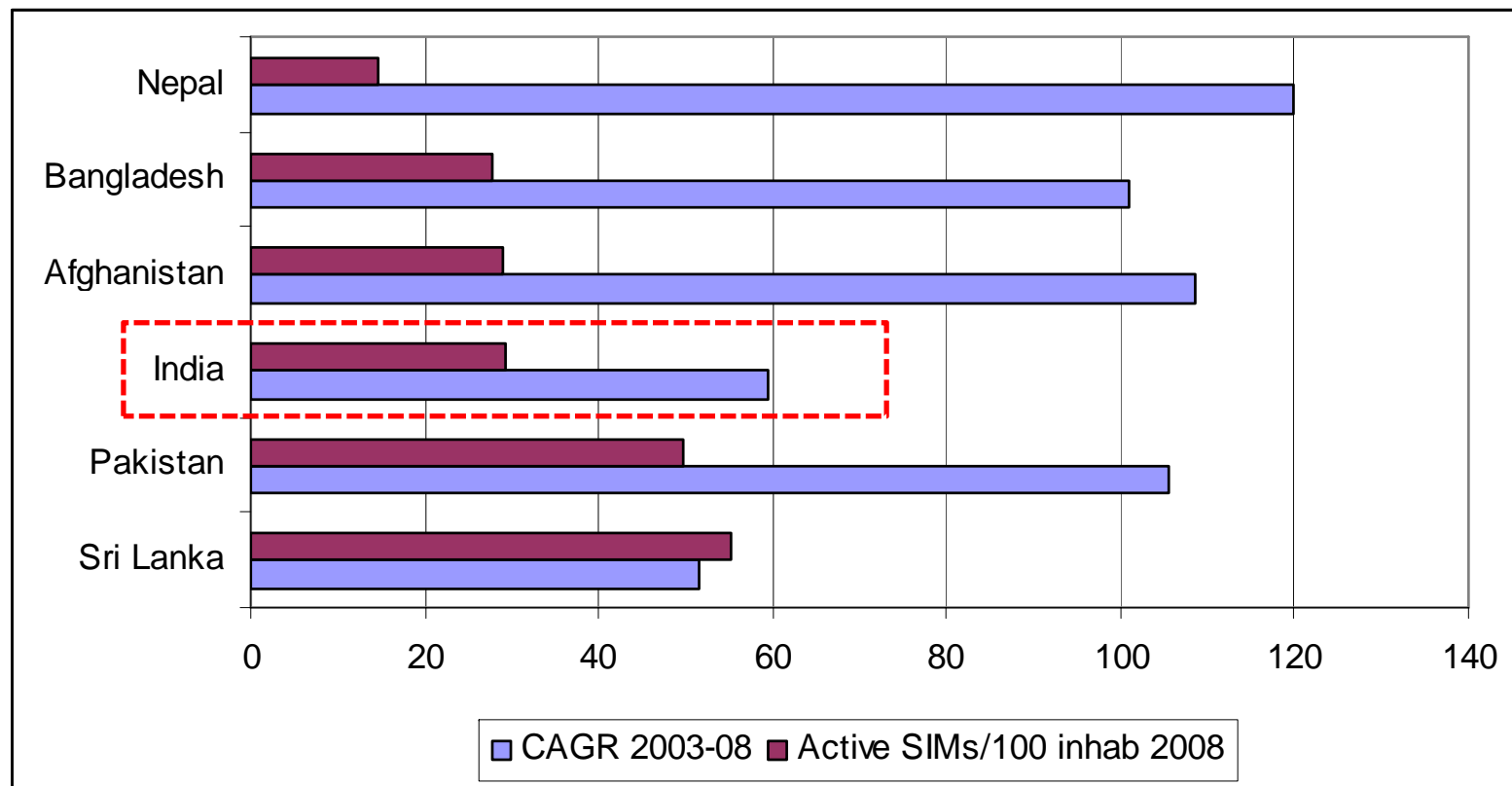
Helani Galpaya

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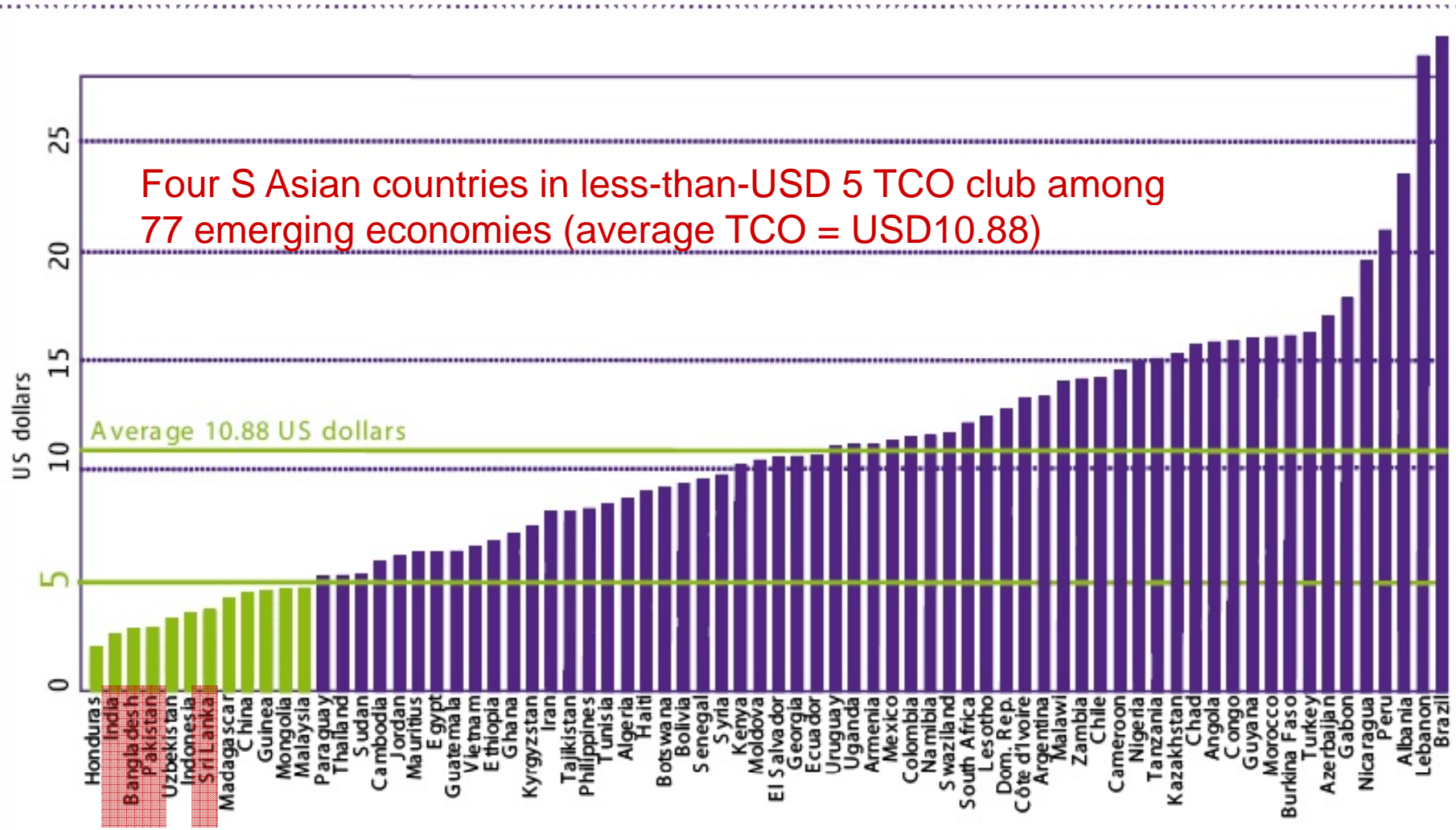
Mobiles: high growth through market mechanisms in Asia



Source: ITU, data as of end 2008

Lowest Total Cost of Ownership in the world in South Asia

Monthly TCO by country



Source: Nokia Research 2009

Helped by budget telecom model that is characterized by...

- Low ARPU's
 - Average ~USD 5 (Bangladesh USD 2 for some operators)
- Mostly (over 80%) prepaid
 - low cost of serving (no bills, electronic re-load, minimal 1-800 customer care)
 - low customer acquisition cost (~USD 3.5)
 - low/no credit risk (pre-paid and cash)
 - Regional negotiations for equipment; managed networks;
- Low(er) Quality → necessary feature in early stages
 - “acceptable” call drop rates x2 of US/EU
- High margins for operators (decreasing)

Has given access to basic voice services even to those at the Bottom of the Pyramid (BOP) in Asia

Used a phone in the last 3 months

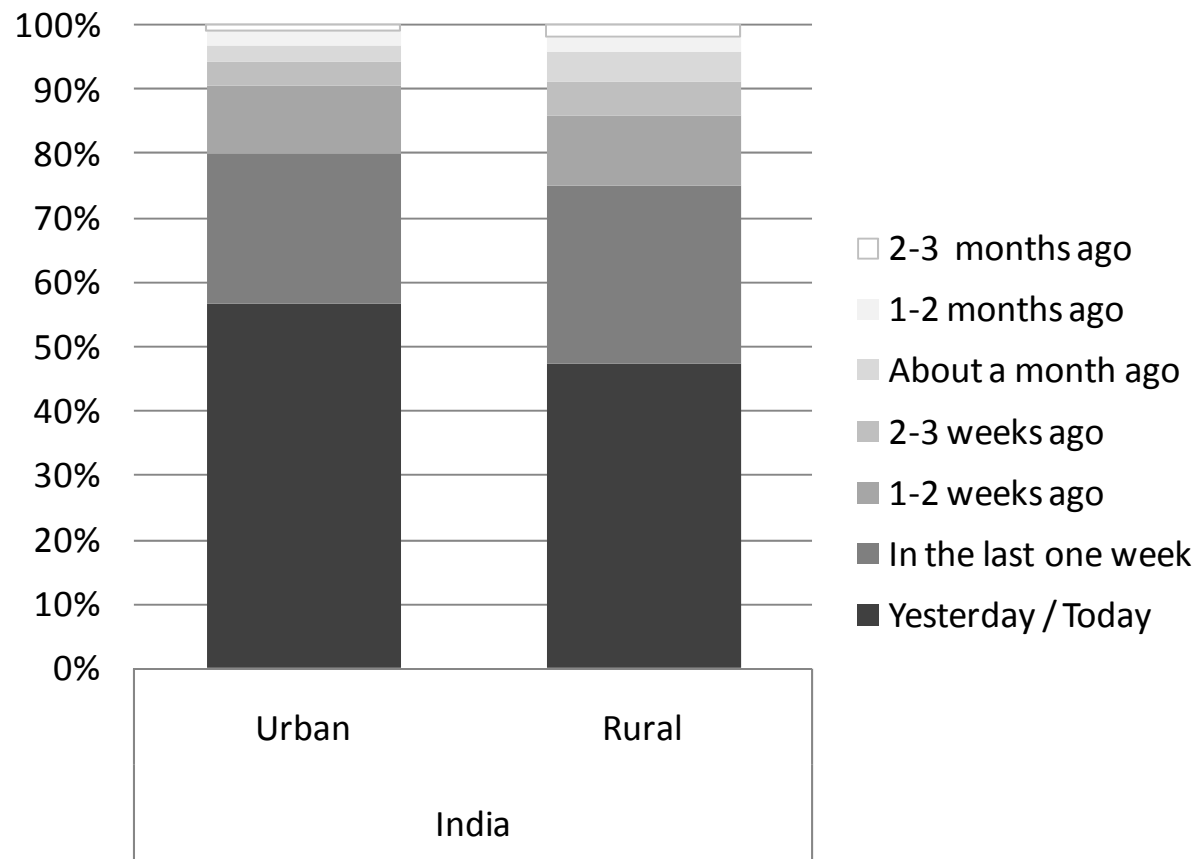
	Bangladesh	Pakistan	India	Sri Lanka	Philippines	Thailand
% of BOP (outer sample)	95%	96%	86%	88%	79%	77 %

	Bangladesh	Pakistan	India	Sri Lanka	Philippines	Thailand
% of BOP (outer sample)	82%	66%	65%	77%	38%	72%

- Sample of over 11,000 BOP (SEC D and E) citizens. Indian sample size over 3,500.

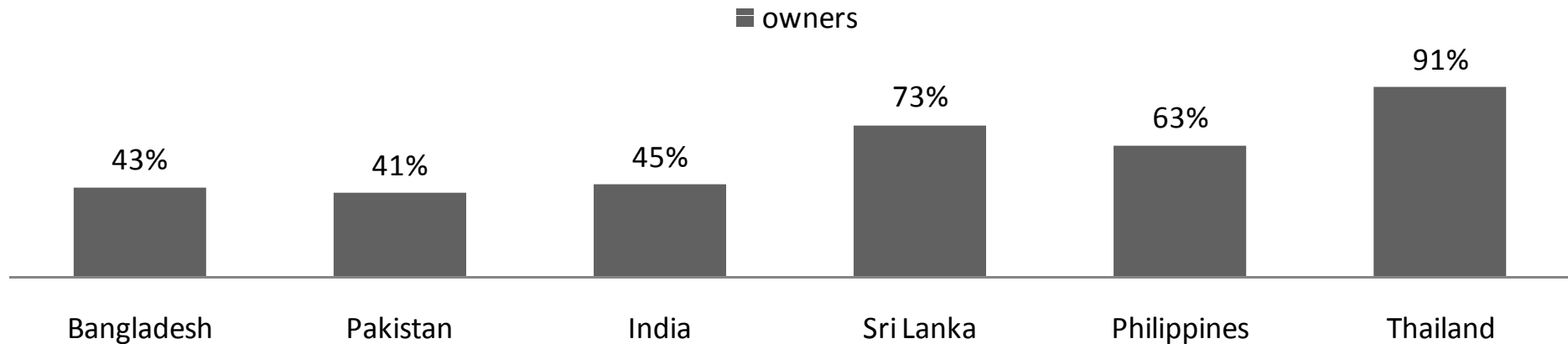
Even to the BOP Rural Areas in India

Last time respondent made/received a call (% of BOP teleusers)



Ownership is less impressive, but high...

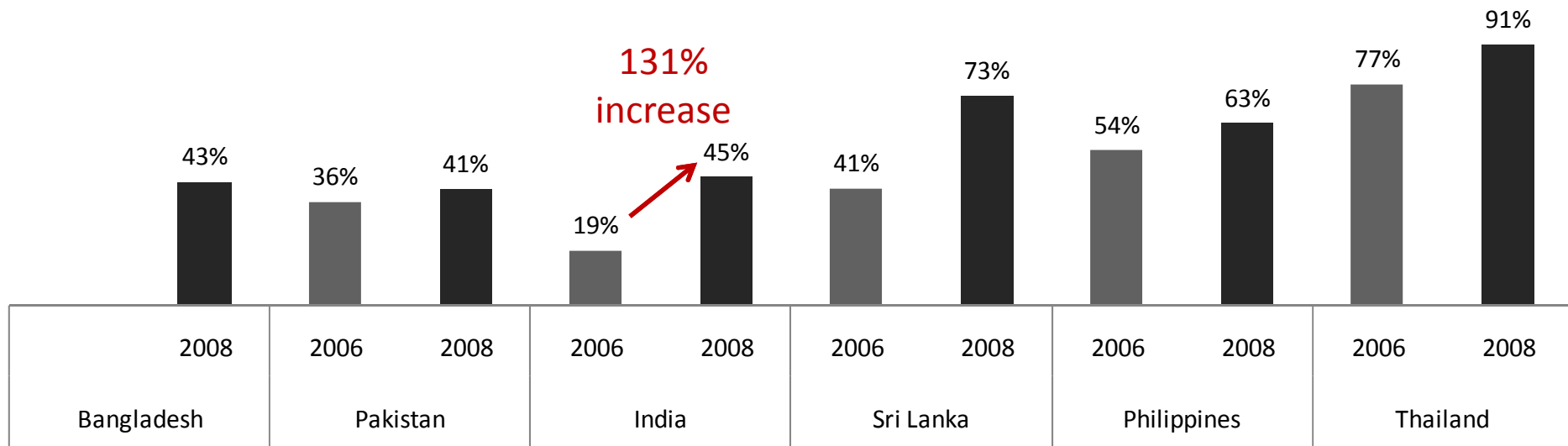
Total phone ownership (% of BOP teleusers)



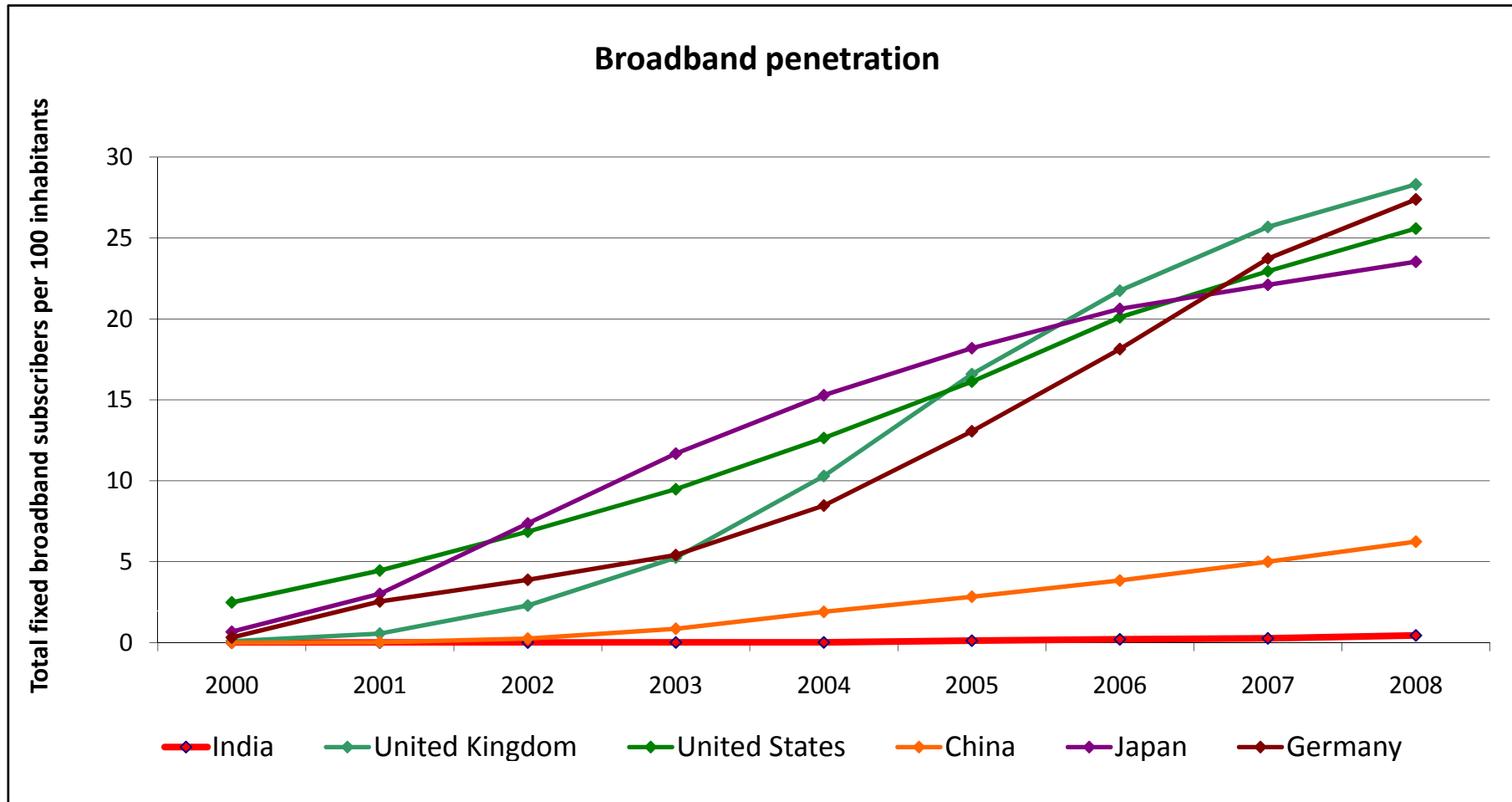
- Most choose to own a phone (rather than use others' phones) for **convenience**; cost is secondary

...and growing. Highest growth in India

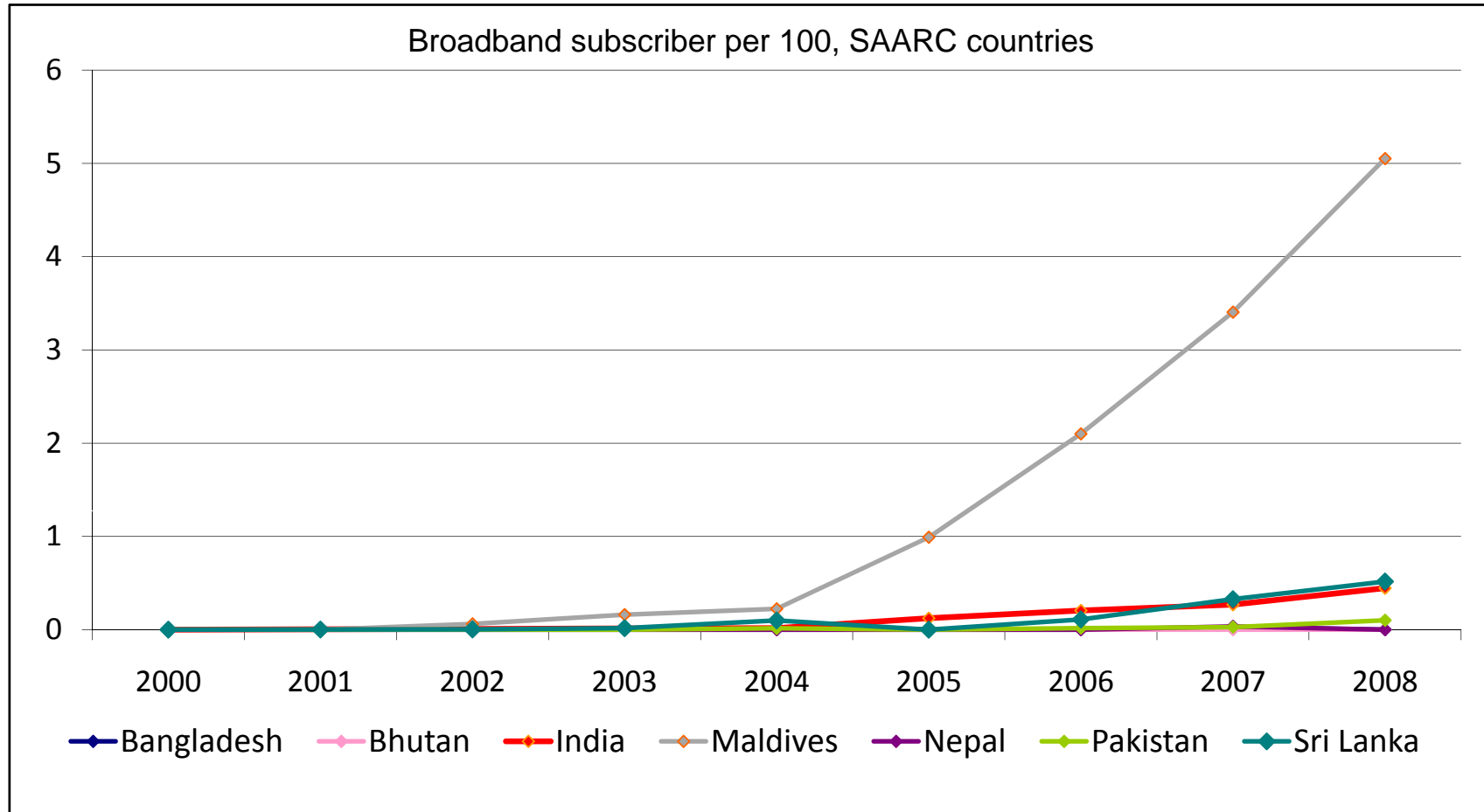
Total BOP phone ownership: 2006 vs 2008 (% of BOP teleusers)



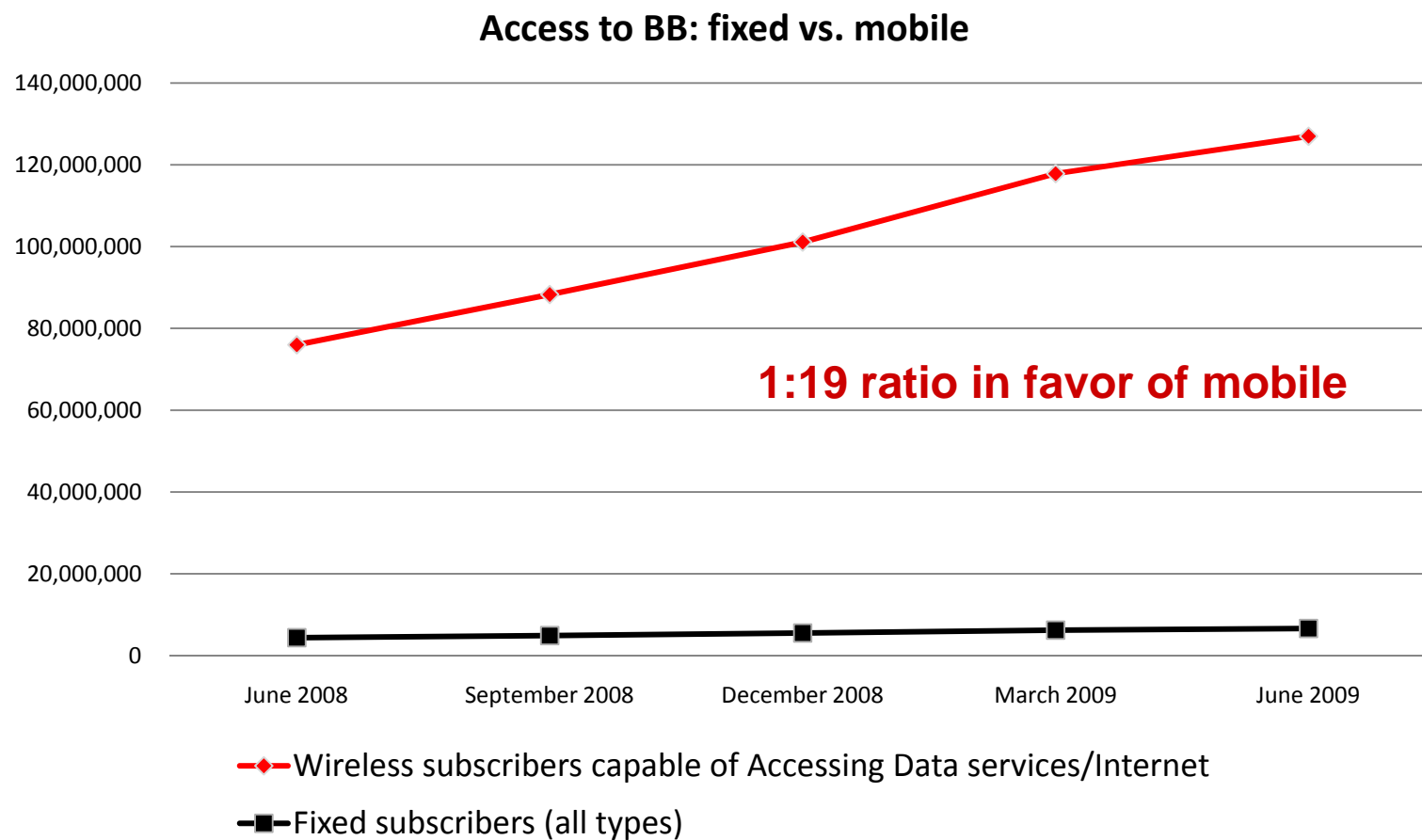
But in Broadband, India falling far behind OECD countries



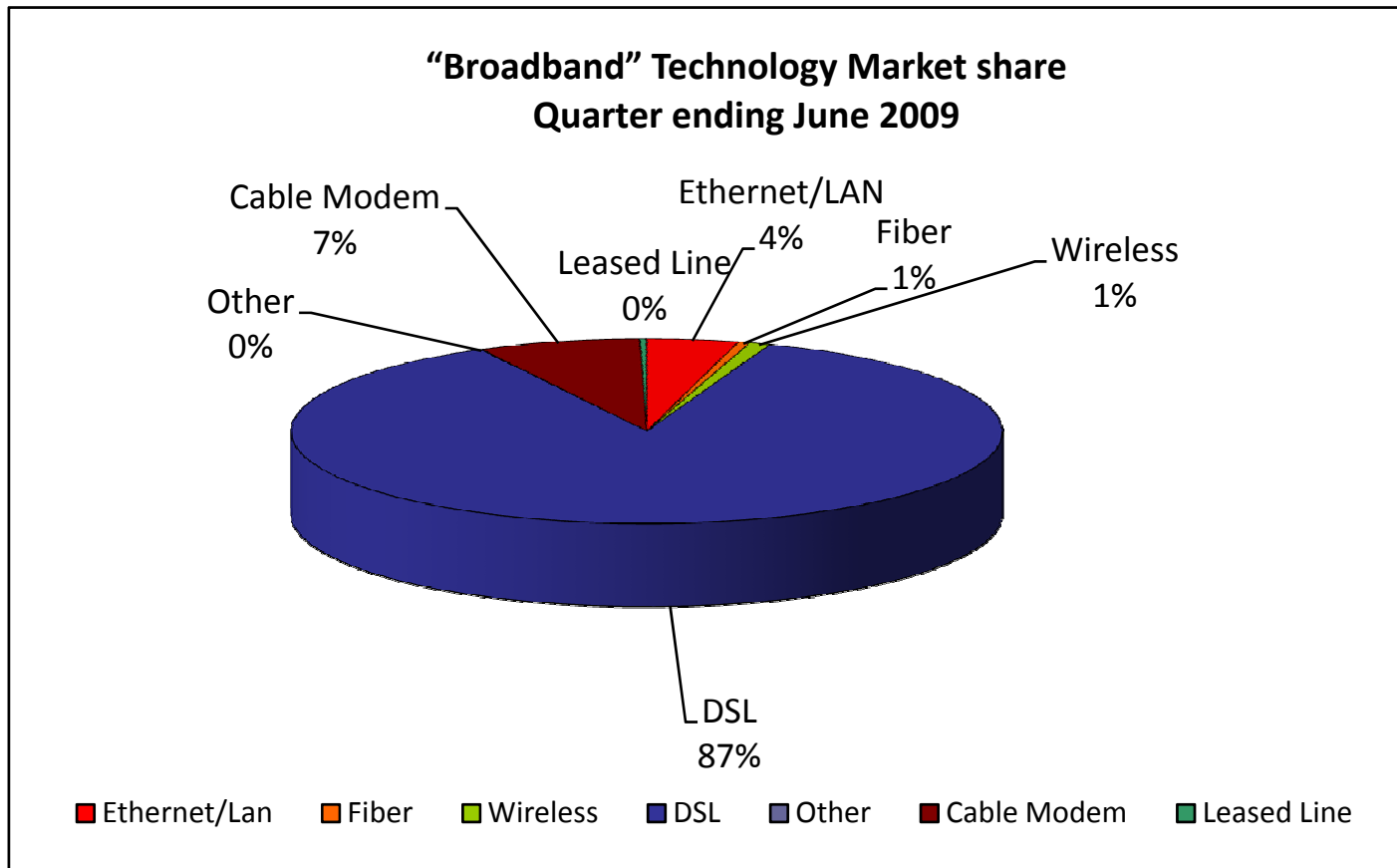
And compares only moderately against South Asian peers



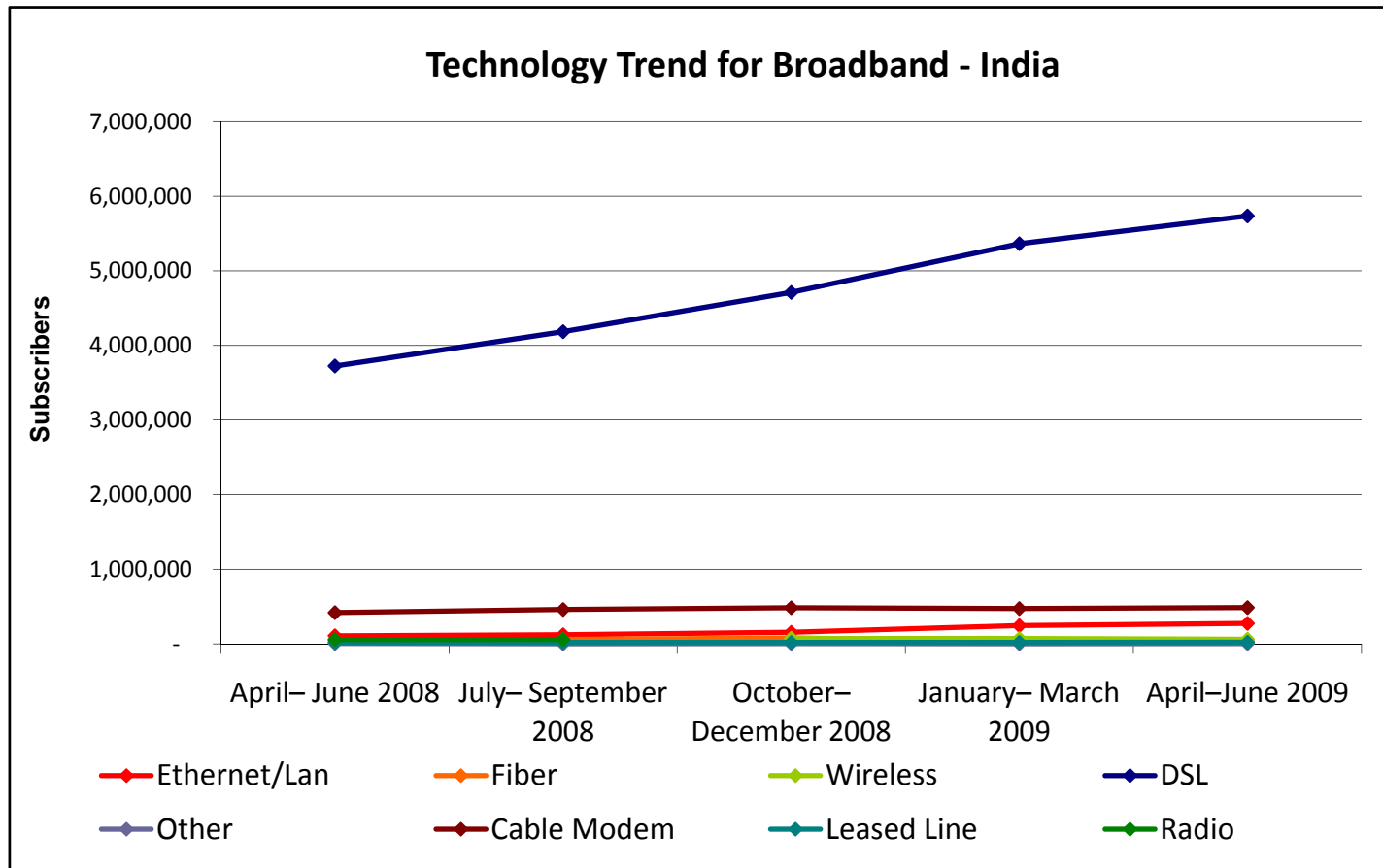
But even in the absence of 3G/“real-mobile BB” speeds, appetite for Mobile BB is high, and growing



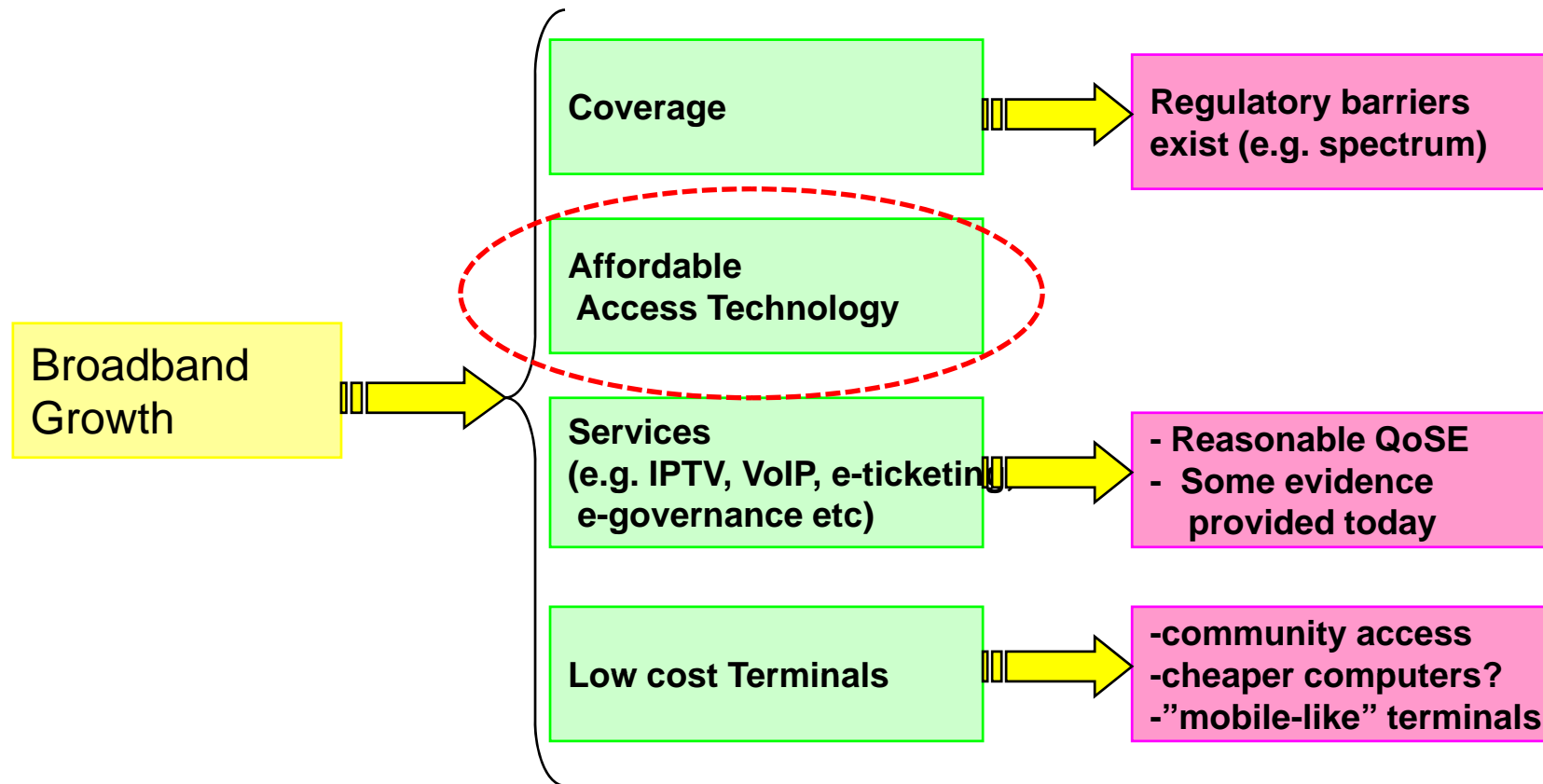
In the fixed BB world, DSL is dominates



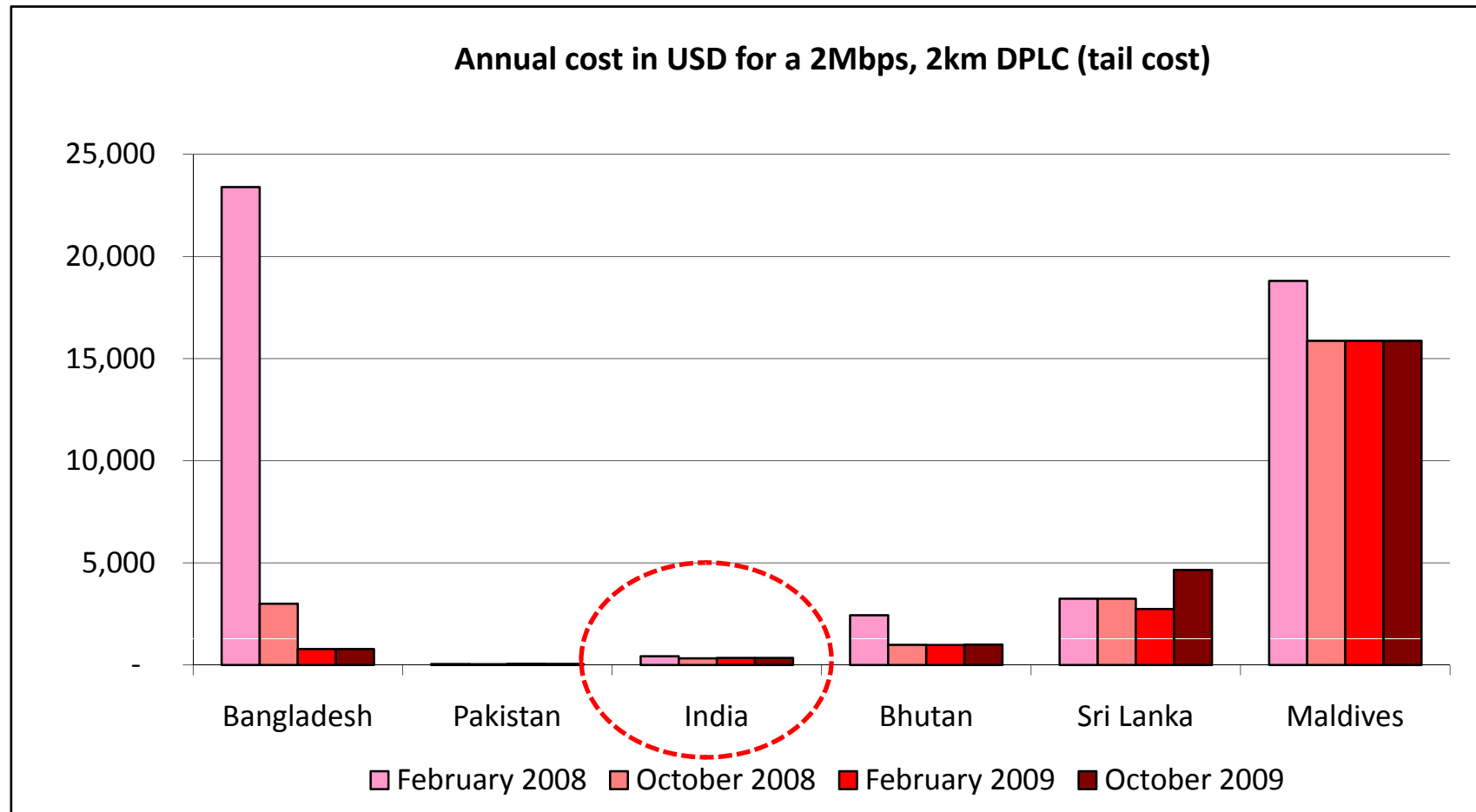
...and has been growing, leaving other fixed technologies behind



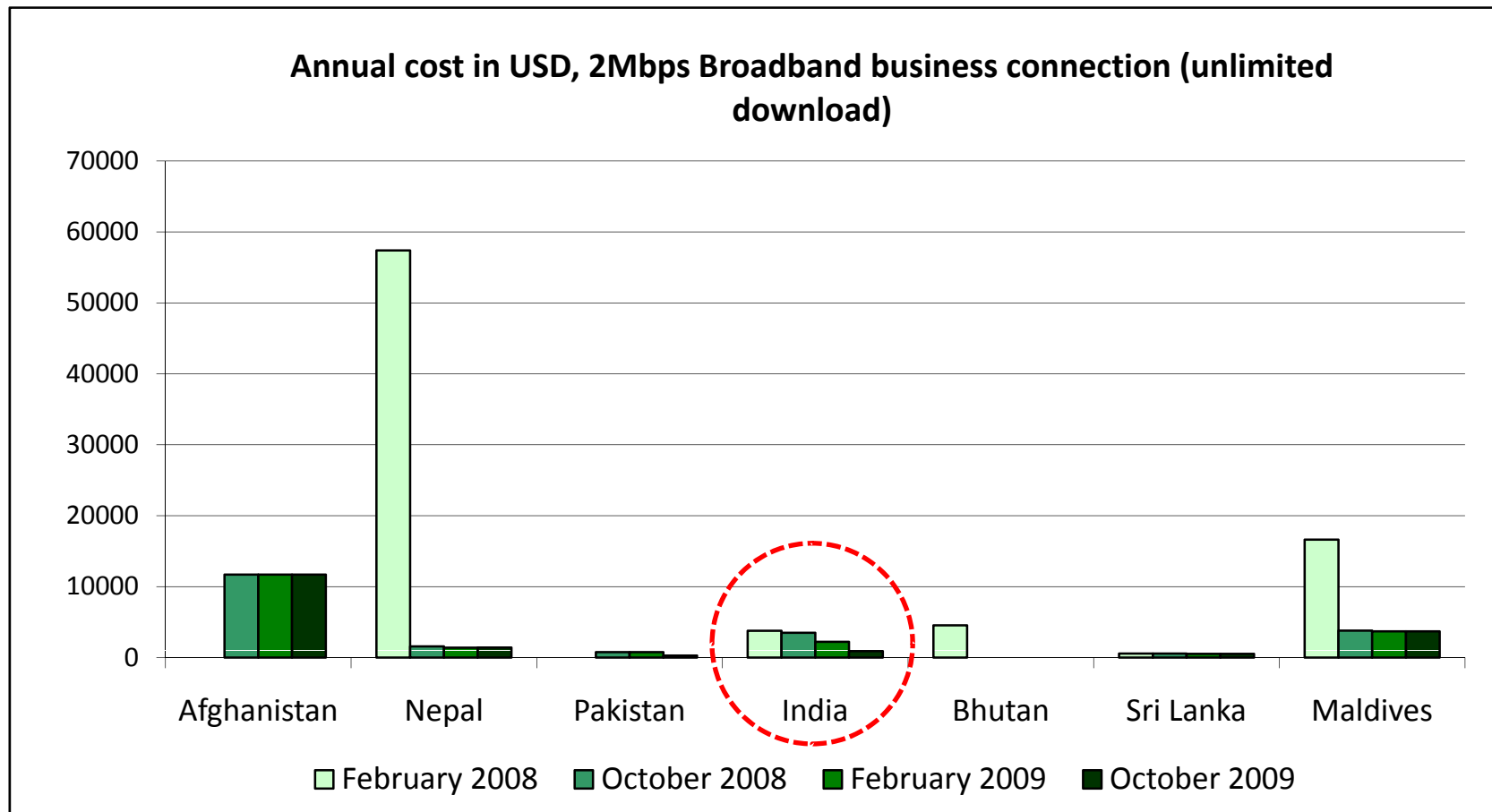
Pre-conditions for high access and usage of BB



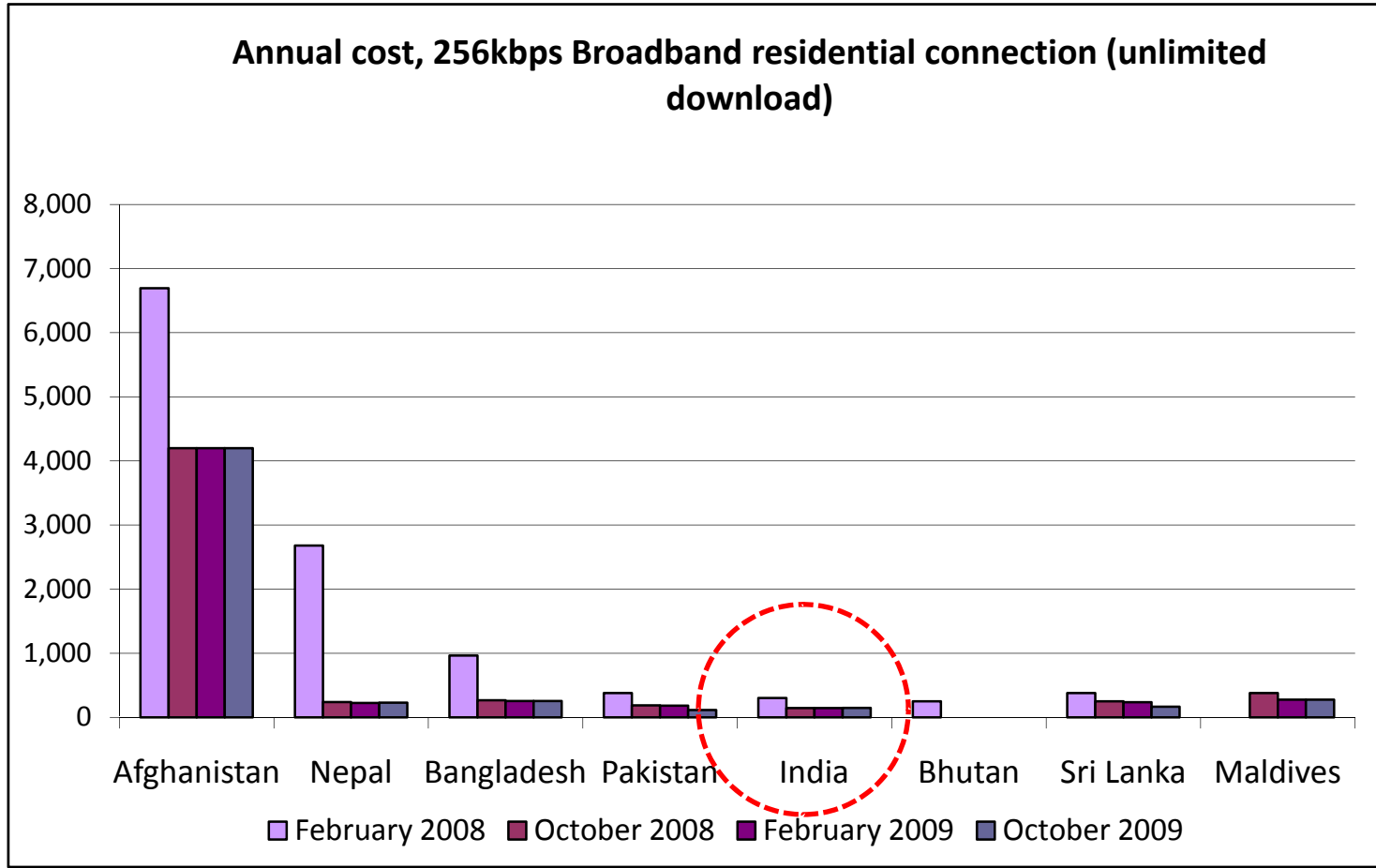
Prices are generally headed in the right direction: down. India has very competitive wholesale pricing



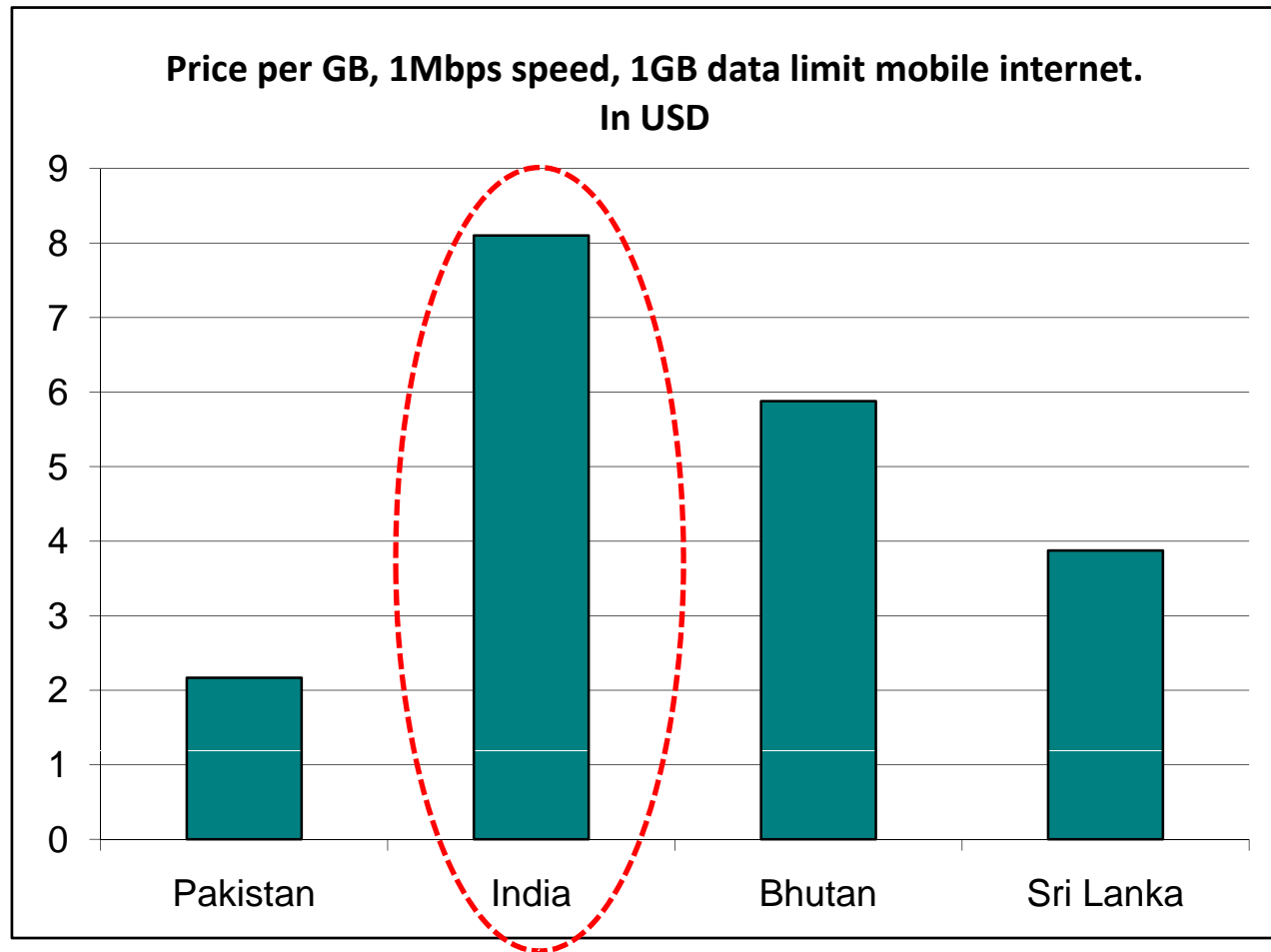
Retail prices also coming down: e.g. 2MBps Business connection prices in India dropping



Prices are low/reducing on basic residential packages also. India on par with regional peers



Mobile BB: India is not competitive, for obvious reasons



But price comparisons need to be done in relation to what the consumer gets – i.e. actual experienced speed per USD or Rupee paid